DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Authorised Capital Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital Rs. 20,00,000
Paid-up Capital Rs. 11,30,000
Head Office:—
Devkaran Nanjee Buildings
Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
BOMBAY.
Branches at Thakurdwar, Sandhurst Bridge and Kalbadevi.
All kinds of Banking Business Transacted.
Wm. D. TENBROECK,
General Manager.

Regd. No. B 1063 Regd. No. B 1063

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 169 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH
OR
REPRESENT.
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919).
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR ACCIDENT & WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
"EWART HOUSE"
Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. 1.

Britain Out To Break Italian Blockade

Warning To Ships In Mediterranean

AIR RAIDS IN ENGLAND & PALESTINE

British Garrison Withdraws From Moyale After Five Days' Fight

LONDON, July 15.

The Admiralty has issued the following announcement:—The Italian Government has recently issued a notice to the effect, that within a limit of thirty miles from Allied coasts, all merchant shipping bound for Allied ports will navigate at their risk and peril.

His Majesty's Government regard themselves as justified in taking similar action in respect of vessels navigating in the vicinity of Italian coasts.

His Majesty's Government accordingly give notice that all vessels navigating within thirty miles of any Italian territory in the Mediterranean will do so at their risk and Peril.—Reuter.

PALESTINE HAS FIRST TASTE OF IT

JERUSALEM, July 15.

Palestine had the first raid of the war to-day, when a number of hostile aeroplanes dropped bombs in Haifa area this morning. Some damage was done, and there were few casualties.—Reuter.

BRITISH GARRISON WITHDRAWS

NAIROBI, July 15.

An official communique says: "Our garrison in British Moyale which had been surrounded for the last five days withdrew last night, according to plan and without incident."—Reuter.

ENEMY AIRCRAFT DRIVEN AWAY

ALEXANDRIA, July 14.

R. A. F. fighters drove off enemy aircraft that approached Alexandria on Sunday morning. No alarm was sounded.—

An R. A. F. Communique states a formation of our bombers raided stores and barracks South of Assab (Eritrea). Fires were started which could be seen for thirty miles.

Shipping in Tobruk harbour was again attacked by our bombers. Full results are not yet known but a column of black smoke was observed on the south shore after one attack. All aircraft have returned safely.

Enemy attempted two night raids on Malta and one yesterday morning. No raids were successful and there was no damage and no casualties.

It is now confirmed that after an enemy attack on Wajir (Kenya) on July 11 one enemy fighter was shot down by anti-aircraft fire, the machine crashing at Derkali. The crew of three were dead.

In the same engagement another fighter after being attacked by two fighters of the South African Air Force made off with one engine smoking badly.—Reuter.

Enemy Planes Chased Away

Hour-Long Air Battle Off English Coast

LONDON, July 15.

About 40 Junkers and dive-bombers and also a number of escorting fighters were engaged in air fights off the south-east coast of England on Sunday afternoon states the Air Ministry news service.

Anti-aircraft guns were firing almost continuously for over half an hour. In the air the fight continued for a full hour, many of the Junkers being chased back across the English Channel.

Two Persons Killed

LONDON July 15.

Two people were killed in the raid on South-east England town.

BOMBS OVER WELSH TOWN

One raider dropped four bombs on a Welsh town to-day. Little damage was done, and nobody was injured. Anti-aircraft guns went into action, and the bomber disappeared in the clouds with a big column of black smoke pouring from its tail.—Reuter.

5 Enemy Bombers Shot Down

LONDON, July 14.

An Air Ministry 'communique' states: "Enemy aircraft which were attacking shipping in the Straits of Dover early in the evening were intercepted and five of them—one fighter and four bombers—were shot down into the sea by our fighters. In addition an enemy bomber was shot down by anti-aircraft fire. One of our fighters was lost.

BOMBS DROPPED ON DISTRICT

Five bombs were dropped in the south-east last night by a lone raider flying at a great height. The explosions shook buildings but apparently caused no damage.

During a raid by about five German planes flying at a great height to-day heavy bombs exploded in a south-east district. Although houses were shaken the only damage done was the shattering of the windows of an isolated building. There were no casualties.—Reuter.

MALTA BOMBED THRICE

MALTA, July 15.

Enemy aircraft raided Malta this morning and thrice yesterday. Each time they were driven off. There was no damage and no casualties.—Reuter.

WOMAN CONGRESS WORKER DEAD

COCOANADA, July 15.

Srimathi V. Kamala Devi, an ardent Congress worker, wife of Dr. V. V. Krishnayya, died last evening at the age of 43. She was commander of Ladies Volunteer Corps during Cocoanada Congress in 1923.—A. P.

BOMBAY LOSES A PIONEER

DOWAGER LADY COWASJI JEHANGIR PASSES AWAY

Pioneer Of Women's Welfare And Social Work In City

Lady Dhunbai, wife of the late Sir Cowasji Jehangir, 1st Baronet, died on Monday at the age of 79.

Dhunbai was the daughter of Ardeshir Hormasji Wadia, son of the late Hormasji Wadia who had built the Lovji Castle, which was the residence of some of the Old Governors of Bombay, and founded Wadia Atash Beram, Fire-temple.

Dhunbai's mother was a well educated progressive woman and was a pioneer of English education.

Dhunbai who was reported to be a handsome woman was married to Cowasji Jehangir in 1876 and the wedding brought together, the two well-known, rich families of Parsis in Bombay, namely Wadia and the Readymoney.

PRESENTED TO QUEEN VICTORIA.

Dhunbai went to England for the first time in 1885, and was presented to Queen Victoria by Lady Kimberley, wife of the then Secretary of State for India. She paid a number of visits to England and represented Indian women at the Wembley Exhibition in 1924.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir was Knighted in 1895 and created a Baronet in 1908.

WOMEN'S WELFARE WORK.

Lady Dhunbai took great interest in women's education, medical relief for women and was instrumental in making collections and founding institutions in that connection. Lady Dhunbai made good collections by organising a concert in 1886 at her residence for Women's Medical relief under the auspices of Lady Reay, wife of the then Governor of Bombay. In 1889 she organised big fancy fete for famine relief. She was one of the founders of the Princess Mary Victoria Gymkhana, of which she was a Secretary for a number of years.

Lady Dhunbai was Chairwoman of the Reception Committee of Women's Educational Conference at Bombay in 1926. She also presided as long back as 1907 over the A.-I. Women's Conference at Ahmedabad and was a Vice-President of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Women's Council for 37 years.

SOCIAL WORK.

Lady Dhunbai collected Rs. five lakhs for poor Parsis and the block of buildings at Parsi Colony at Dadar is called Readymoney Block.

She was also one of the founders of the Beggars' Camp, where a hall is named as Lady Dhunbai C. J. Hall.

Lady Dhunbai was made a J. P. in 1927. She leaves behind one daughter, Mrs. Bapsy Sabawala, and one son, the present Baronet.

ARRESTS WHOM HE 'REVERES'

Huq's Apologia For Bose's Detention: Adjournment Move Fails

CALCUTTA, July 15.

After about two hours' debate, the Congress Party's adjournment motion on the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was rejected by the Bengal Assembly this evening by 119 to 78 votes.

The Congress Party, the Krishak Proja Party and the Independent Scheduled Caste Party voted for the motion which was opposed by the Ministerialist Coalition and European groups one member of the Krishak Proja Party remained neutral.

About half a dozen new members were sworn in including Mrs. Nellie Sen Gupta who had been recently returned unopposed in a by-election from Chittagong, Mrs. Sen Gupta was cheered by all sections of the House, when she took the oath. Her election brings the number of women members of the Assembly to six.

ARREST CONDEMNED.

At 5-45 p.m., Mr. Santosh Kumar Basu moved the adjournement motion regarding the arrest and detention of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

In the course of his speech, Mr. Basu remarked that at a time when Mr. Subhas Bose was engag-

(Continued on page 2 Col. 6.)

'Purdah' Vote For 'Sikandar Raj'

LURID PICTURE OF "RED MENACE" IN PUNJAB

Speaker's Ruling Handicaps Opposition

LAHORE, July 15.

The first secret session in the history of the Indian Legislatures commenced this morning when the Punjab Legislative Assembly by 91 to 48 votes accepted the motion of Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, that to-day's proceedings of the Assembly be held 'in camera'.

The secret session will discuss the following official motion:—

"This Assembly records its approval of the action taken by Government to preserve the peace of the province and trusts that it will continue to keep a vigilant watch over the activities of persons engaged in subversive movements calculated to disturb the public tranquillity, and will when necessary take effective action against them, the preservation of peace and maintenance of law and order being of supreme importance at this juncture in the interest of the safety and integrity of the country and by reason of the strategical position of the Punjab and the large proportion of recruits which it provides for the Indian army."

The House met punctually at 10 a.m. Sir Shahabuddin, the Speaker, presiding. The five members of the Congress Party who were recently arrested had not been permitted to attend as desired by the Opposition. The press was permitted but the House decided to go into the Secret Session.

Amendments to the Premier's motion for the Secret Session had been tabled by some members of the opposition but the Speaker ruled that the Premier's motion could not be debated upon or amended. He added that he was not going to allow criticism of or discussion on the ruling he had given.

The Speaker said, "The practice in the Commons and the Oversea Houses of Parliament requires the Speaker, whenever any member takes notice that "strangers" are present, forthwith to put the question "that strangers be ordered to withdraw" without permitting any amendment or debate.

"This Assembly has no rule on the subject. But in such cases I have invariably followed parliamentary practice if it is not inconsistent with any rule or practice of this House. So following parliamentary practice in this case I held that the Hon'ble, the Premier's motion cannot be debated upon or amended."

RIGHT TO MOVE AMENDMENTS.

Ch. Krishan Gopal Dutt, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party, Diwan Chamanlal, Mr. Bhimsen Sacher and others raised points of order suggestion that amendments could be moved.

Ch Krishan Gopal Dutt said that the rules of the Punjab Assembly were different from those by which the House of Commons was governed. He pointed out that there was no provisions for a secret session in the Punjab Assembly rules. If however, the motion had been admitted, he urged that amendments should also be allowed.

The Speaker said that though the Punjab Assembly rules were silent on the point, the procedure that was being adopted was not inconsistent with their rules.

Mr. Bhimsen Sacher (Congress) said that the Chair had the right to exclude strangers, and the Premier's motion, therefore, was an encroachment on the authority of the Chair. He added that the motion was 'ultra vires' of the Government of India Act.

BARKAT ALI SUPPORTS CONGRESS VIEW.

The Speaker, however, held that the motion was in order. Malik Barkatali (Muslim League) sup-

Continued on Page 5 Col. 4.

Expunge 'Defeat' From Language

LONDON, July 15.

In his presidential address at the annual conference of the Mine Workers' Federation, Mr. W. Lawther urged that the word "defeat" be expunged from our language. We must either conquer the force of Fascism or go down to the level of abject slavery. The British Government must exercise the same measures against "quislings" as it employed against enemies abroad. We are resolved to see the struggle through to an end and there can be no compromise with the assassins of liberty.—Reuter.

Viceroy's Arrival At Poona

POONA, July 15.

H. E. the Viceroy and H. E. the Marchioness of Linlithgow accompanied by the Lady Joan Hope the Lady Doreen Hope and personal staff will arrive at Government House, Ganeshkind, on August 6.

H. E. the Viceroy will proceed to Bombay on August 11 and return to Ganeshkind on August 14.

Their Excellencies and party will leave Ganeshkind on August 15.—A. P.

GRAND DUCHESS OF LUXEMBURG

Leaves For United States

LONDON, July 15

The Grand Duchess of Luxemburg and her husband Prince Felix left Lisbon to-day for America aboard the United States light cruiser "Trenton". The United States destroyer "Dickerson" is escorting the "Trenton".

Mr. Van Zeeland, former Belgian Prime Minister, also left for United States in a clipper.— Reuter.

INDIA DONATES 8 SPITFIRES

LONDON, July 15.

Eight Spitfires purchased with the rupees subscribed to the East India Fund took to air at a British aerodrome to-day and thereby became an active unit in the ranks of R. A. F. fighters.

The Station Commander in thanking India "for this magnificent addition to our fighting strength" declared that this squadron would fight to win even greater purpose in the knowledge that it had behind it the goodwill and good wishes of the people of India.—Reuter.

LONDON, July 15.

The Swiss radio states that the first American ship carrying food supplies for distribution among French people afflicted by war has reached Marseilles.—Reuter.

Third Term For Roosevelt

DEMOCRATIC PARTY CONVENTION MOVE

Man Who Can Keep Whitehouse As The Lighthouse Of Humanity

CHICAGO, July 15.

"We are praying and hoping that the man who can keep the Whitehouse as a lighthouse for humanity will accept another nomination. We must draft President Roosevelt," declared Mayor Kelly of Chicago at the opening of the Democratic Party Convention. His address was greeted with cheers.

As Mr. James Farley, Postmaster-General and Chairman of the Party's National Committee, called for order at the opening of the convention, a solitary voice from the gallery yelled "we want Roosevelt".

The President at that moment was quietly lunching with Mr. Cordell Hull at Washington. The proceedings opened with prayers, during which a clergyman said "may our country of freedom ever be a beacon light to all the world."

Then a tenor singer rendered the star-spangled banner. After Mr. Kelly's address Senator Lucas representing the Governor of Illinois expressed his confidence that "the Convention will not only meet the high hopes of the people of Illinois and America, but that all liberty loving people throughout the world will be heartened and encouraged to know that the democracy of America continues to reign supreme."

MOVE FOR UNANIMOUS CHOICE

At a press interview before the Convention, Mr. Farley, Chairman of the Party's National Committee, declared that he believed that the normal procedure should be followed, namely, that nominations and rollcall by the States should be held and finally the choice of the nominee should be unanimous. He did not know what President Roosevelt's attitude would be, if minority voting for other candidates should be large. From this, journalists deduced that President Roosevelt's readiness to accept a third term might have been made conditional on the evident unanimity of the party. The convention went into recess after forty-six minutes, until Tuesday.

BUST OF MAHATMA ON VIEW AT MUSEUM

SIMLA, July 15.

It is understood that the bust of Mahatma Gandhi by Miss Clare Sheridan will be on exhibition in Bombay from Tuesday, July 16, at the Prince of Wales Museum.—A. P.

U. S. WILL NOT STAND JAP DICTATION

WASHINGTON, July 15.

The United States continues to pursue a separate and independent policy in the Far East, Mr. Cordell Hull told press representatives to-day, commenting on the report of British efforts for peace between China and Japan. Shortly before the press conference, Mr. Cordell Hull saw Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, but there is no indication that the Far Eastern situation was discussed.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Introductions for Matrimony, Penfriendship, Trade, other 392 hobbies arranged. Indian, Abroad. Members; 9,249 (Both). Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad Deccan. (13411)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted one lady professor on Rs. 100—10—150 p.m. only with free quarters to teach Philosophy. Only M.A.'s need apply. Applications should reach the undersigned by the 25th July, 1940. S. Srivastava, Lady Member incharge, Girls Education, Municipal Board, Cawnpore. (2975)

(1) Wanted a Typist, (2) Talented Singers and Dancers of Either Sex. Apply personally 8 to 12 a.m. with close ups at Sharma Agency, Film Employment Bureau, Assur Virji Building, 1st floor (Near Central Camera Co.) Hornby Road, Bombay. (13434)

Wanted A Tanner to take charge of our Curriery Section. Those having practical experience in Curriery, Dyeing and Finishing need only apply. Applications stating terms should be addressed to:—Superintendent, Dayalbagh Tanneries, Dayalbagh, Agra. (13427)

Wanted 6 Elec. and Mech. Engineers, 6 Doctors, 4 Lawyers, 8 Graduates and 4 Overseers to apply to No. 13432, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Sessions begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Hospital Road, Karachi (2677)

211. HOMOEOPATHY

Learn Homoeopathy or Biochemistry at home. Prospectus: H. P. Institute, (Dept 3.) 12A, Chakrabere Road, North Calcutta. (13379)

241. PARTNERSHIP WANTED

Advertiser, desirous of producing high class talkies and willing to invest own capital, wants influential financier-partner. Principals may apply Box No. 13429, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD. Head Office: "Ewart House", Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER.

THIS IS TO INFORM OUR PATRONS and the Public that the TELEPHONE NUMBER of the Jupiter General Insurance Company, Limited, Bombay, is CHANGED to 22075 (two lines).

2964

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of policy numbered 65479 on the life of Mahadeo H. Shetye of Bombay. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES, Manager.

Bombay, the 16th July, 1940.

13433

THE INDIAN BANK LIMITED, BOMBAY.

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NO.

On and from 16th July, 1940, the Telephone Number will be CHANGED to

"30874" (2 Lines)

2972

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for re-conditioning of scrap white metal No. 5 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 28/- per cwt. Closing date 30-7-1940 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

2924.

245. ASTROLOGERS.

If you are Worried or desire Success, Consult Prof. Nazir. God gifted and world renowned Spiritualist, Palmist and Astrologer at Bombay Mutual Building, Room 56, Hornby Road, Bombay. (13405)

245. COMMERCIAL TRAINING

Government Commercial Class (Elphinstone High School, Bombay). Students prepared for the full course for Government Commercial Diploma Examination and also in single subjects such as Accountancy, Shorthand, Typewriting, etc. Evening Classes from 6 to 8 p. m. for Matriculates. Admissions made daily. (2854—D)

31 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Manufacturers Agent selling off stocks very cheap invites inquiries. Littell, 9, Aundh Road, Kirkee. (13426)

Public Notices

G.I.P. RAILWAY

WANTED for the G.I.P. Railway Kindergarten School, Itarsi, a certified Trained Teacher with Kindergarten Qualifications and knowledge of Music. Pay Rs. 80-10-100 on probation for one year. Age between 20 and 40 years.

2. Candidates must pass a Medical Examination and have the following sight standard:—

(a) Distant vision 6/9 nil with or without glasses.
(b) Near vision Sn. 0.6 nil with or without glasses.

3. Applications accompanied by copies of certificates should be sent by post addressed to the Chairman, Railway School Board, Resident Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Khandwa. Interview at applicant's expense.

(2963)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY No. 121 of 1940.

Re: GAJRAJ SHIVKARANDAS, .. Judgment Debtor.

Exparte

(1) Sir HUKAMCHAND SARUPCHAND, Kt. and (2) RAMGOPAL RAMRIKH PANDYA .. Judgment Creditors.

To

GAJRAJ SHIVKARANDAS, The Judgment Debtor.

TAKE NOTICE that within one month after service of this notice on you excluding the day of such service you must pay to Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., and Ramgopal Ramrikh Pandya, the Judgment Creditors abovenamed or either of them or Messrs. Malvi Ranchoddas and Co., their attorneys at Yusuf Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, the sum of Rs. 6,383-6-6, claimed by the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., and Ramgopal Ramrikh Pandya jointly as being the balance of costs due on a decree obtained by them in suit No. 916 of 1926 against you in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, dated the 5th October, 1931, and you must further pay to the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt. or to the said Messrs. Malvi Ranchoddas and Co., his attorneys, the sum of Rs. 3,019-8-0 claimed by the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., severally as being the balance (including interest) due by you to the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., on the said decree dated 5th October, 1931, in the said suit No. 916 of 1926, whereon execution has not been stayed or you must furnish security for the payment of the said respective sums to their or his satisfaction or to the satisfaction of their or his said attorneys or you must satisfy this Court that you have a counterclaim or set off against them jointly or against the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., which equals or exceeds the sum claimed by them jointly or by the said Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt., and which you could not set up in the suit or other proceedings in which the decree was obtained,

AND TAKE NOTICE

1. That the consequences of not complying with the requisitions of this Notice are that you will have committed an act of Insolvency on which Insolvency proceedings may be taken against you.

If however you have a counterclaim or set off as aforesaid you must within 7 days apply to the Court to set aside this Notice by filing with the Insolvency Registrar an affidavit to the above effect.

2. That if you comply with the requirements of this Notice you must forthwith thereafter apply to the Court to set it aside by filing with the Insolvency Registrar an affidavit to that effect.

This Notice is issued out by Messrs. Malvi Ranchoddas and Co., Attorneys for the Judgment Creditors abovenamed.

Dated this 15th day of May 1940.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) S. S. RANGNEKAR, Sealer.

The 15th day of May, 1940.

(Sd.) S. S. RANGNEKAR, Insolvency Registrar.

(2976)

Public Notices

FOR SALE

SECONDHAND FURNITURE in good condition suitable for Banks. Enquire at Shop No. 2, Ground floor, "Gool Mansion," Homji St., Fort, during business hours.

(2970)

BOMBAY BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE.

MEMBERS of the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House draw the attention of their constituents to the new "Clearing" hours.

The new rules become effective from the 22nd July, 1940, and provide that the Clearings at the Reserve Bank of India shall be held at 12-15 p.m. and 2-30 p.m. on week-days and 12 noon on Saturdays.

In order that cheques be in time for these clearings, constituents are requested to ascertain from their Bankers the latest hours of acceptance.

W. T. McCALLUM, President, Bombay Bankers' Clearing House.

15-7-1940.

2973

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction
I. C. No. 23 of 1940

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VII of 1913 and
In the matter of the DIGVIJAYSINHJI SALT-WORKS, LTD. and reduced.
THE DIGVIJAYSINHJI SALT WORKS LTD., ... Petitioners

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Petition presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 12th day of July, 1940, for confirming a Resolution reducing the Capital of the above Company from Rs. 1,90,000/- to Rs. 1,80,000/- is directed to be heard before the Honourable the Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 23rd day of August, 1940.

Any Creditor or Shareholder of the above Company desiring to oppose the making of an Order for reduction of the Capital of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the hearing by himself or his Attorney or his Counsel for that purpose.

A copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1940.

R. C. RAIJI.
For Messrs. Manilal Kher Ambalal & Co., Attorneys for the Company.

2974

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 247 of 1939.

Re: HIRALAL CHUNILAL, Hindu Inhabitant, till lately carrying on business as shroff and Commission Agent at 2nd Bholwada, Bhuleshwar outside the Fort of Bombay .....An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 20th day of August, 1940, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1940.

S. S. RANGNEKAR, Insolvency Registrar.

2982

ZANANA SHOW TO-DAY AT 1-30 P. M. OF HUNS' Spicy Fun-Fare
ARDHANGI
(The Better Half)
18th WEEK From To-morrow at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
(2976)

HOW HINDUS OBSERVE 'ASHADHI EKADASHI'

BOMBAY, Monday.

To-day Hindus in the City observed Ashadhi Ekadashi with fasting and prayer. Generally the eleventh day of each month in the Hindu calendar is Ekadashi but the Ashadhi Ekadashi and Kartiki Ekadashi are the most important, particularly so, in the case of Ashadhi Ekadashi when tens of thousands of people go to Pandharpur on this day where they observe the festival in prayer, fast and bath.

In Bombay, though it was not a public holiday. Hindus observed it in prayer and bath at Chowpatty. Most of the offices, both government and commercial, gave their Hindu employees a half-holiday. Thousands of people went to Chowpatty this morning for a sacred bath and the police had to make the usual special arrangements for the vehicular traffic.

Death Of Gandhiji's Sister-in-Law

The death has occurred at Khar, Bombay, of Nandkumar Ben, the 78-year-old widow of Mahatma Gandhi's elder brother and mother of Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, Editor of "Janmabhoomi". The late Mr Gandhi was a retired officer of Porbander State. He died in 1914 but the State continued to pay his pension to his widow.

Sardar Arrives In City

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel arrived in Bombay this morning from Wardha.—A. P.

4th Family Week now at
ROXY
Daily at 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
HINDUSTAN'S SOCIAL
SAUBHAGYA

Who pays the WAGES of SIN while the sinner escapes?

India Artists' Great Screenplay
BAHURANI
Answers this pertinent question
★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ANURADHA
★ ROSE
"A mirror of Indian Social Life"
—Bombay Chronicle
Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays Matinee, at 1-45 P.M.
Now in the 4th Flourishing WEEK
MINERVA

WHEN A WOMAN STRUGGLES
She Creates A New World!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring: SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
TO-DAY AT
PATHE
3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.

HUQ KEEPS MUM OVER SARAT BOSE'S GESTURE

(Continued from page 1.)

ed in an important mission, namely, to bring about unity among all sections of Indians, his arrest and detention without trial and without stating any reason came as a bolt from the blue.

The mover contended that Section 129 of the Defence of India rules, under which he was arrested, could not be applicable to his case. If it was Government's contention that Mr. Bose's intention to lead a movement in connection with the removal of the Holwell Monument was prejudicial to public safety, the mover would say that the Government stood self-condemned.

GOVT. TO BLAME FOR SATYAGRAHA.

Mr. Basu pointed out that sometime ago, Government had announced on the floor of the House that they would come to a speedy decision in the matter of the Holwell Monument, and according to the mover Government's "procrastination and delay" in the matter of coming to a decision, had resulted in the Satyagraha movement being started.

He characterised the Holwell Monument as a "citadel of untruth" and maintained that Hindus and Muslims alike wanted its immediate removal.

In conclusion, Mr. Basu appealed to the Government even now to announce their decision in the matter and thus bring the Satyagraha movement to a close and bring Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose out of the jail.

HUQ STANDS ON PRESTIGE.

Intervening in the debate on the adjournment motion in the Bengal Assembly over the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, the Chief Minister Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq denied the allegation made by a Muslim speaker from the Opposition bench that Mr. Huq had told a deputation of Muslim students at Dacca that if the Government took action in regard to the Holwell Monument now the credit would go to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. He pointed out that it was not the question of credit, but a fundamental question, that is, whether the Government should yield to an agitation which was designed to force their hands. Once they yielded to such an agitation, there was no knowing to which length they might have to go.

Explaining the attitude of the Government in this matter, Mr. Huq stated that Government were not prepared to consider the question of removal of the Holwell Monument until and unless the Satyagraha movement was called off.

He wanted to tell the House that they loved, respected, revered and admired Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, who was "the most lovable person in Bengal politics." If Government had been compelled to take this action against Mr. Bose, it was because Government could not allow a Satyagraha movement to go on in the province at a time when all their energies should be concentrated on maintaining a peaceful atmosphere in the country and on taking all possible measures for the successful prosecution of the war and the defence of the country.

Therefore, Government had to take the action against Mr. Bose unwillingly and with grief. He assured the House that nothing would give greater pleasure to Government than to see Mr. Bose out of prison and take his proper place in the political activities of the country.

CALL OFF SATYAGRAHA.

But let the Satyagraha movement cease, let there be a proper atmosphere for a dispassionate consideration of the question.

Government would then be prepared to sit in a conference with leaders of different parties and would come to a decision in the matter within a reasonable period of the calling off of the Satyagraha movement, and the decision of the Government would, he hoped, be satisfactory to all sections of the House.—

MAYOR'S APPEAL

Mr. Abdur Rahaman Siddiqui, a prominent member of the Coalition Party and the Mayor of Calcutta, made an appeal to the Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, that in view of the sympathetic statement made by the Chief Minister Mr. Bose should use his great influence to call off the Satyagraha Movement.

SARAT BOSE'S GESTURE

Replying Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose said that important members of the Congress Party were not unanimous as regards the implications of the Chief Minister's statement.

Mr. Bose would like to make it clear that if, what the Chief Minister had meant was that it was the Satyagraha movement, which was standing in the way of the removal of the Holwell Monument, then the Speaker would consider it his duty to decide the matter here and now. But before he could give a final decision in the matter, he would like the Chief Minister to tell them clearly and unequivocally what he meant in the concluding portion of his speech.

HUQ KEEPS MUM.

There was, however, no reply from the Chief Minister to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's remarks.—A. P.

17 Convicted Of Breach Of Lighting Rules

Twenty seven persons who were arrested over the week-end for contravening the lighting regulations, were convicted and sentenced to a day's simple imprisonment and fines from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Monday.

The Magistrate, also convicted Mr. S. N. Vacha, manager of the Ripon Club, Esplanade Road, of a similar offence, but let him off with an admonition.

An interesting point was raised in one of the cases, whether a light which was unlighted, could fall within the mischief of the notification of the Commissioner of Police. The Magistrate held that as long as the light was capable of throwing a beam, it should be screened.

In this case Sona Dulla, a car driver, was charged with not screening his headlights. He was also charged with parking a car without lights. He was arrested on July 9, on Kalbadevi road. He had not put the Parking lights on and stated that he could not do so as his headlights were unscreened.

Mr. K. K. Shah, counsel for the accused, argued, that he could not be charged with both offences at the same time. He took the risk of committing an offence by not putting on the parking lights in order to avoid committing the more serious offence of displaying unshaded lights. He urged that the mere keeping of an unshaded lamp could not be punishable, unless the lamp was actually lighted.

The Magistrate held that an offence was committed as long as the light was capable of throwing a beam. He however, accepted the fact that the lights were not actually put on, as an extenuating circumstance and sentenced the accused to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 10.

As the offence of keeping the car without parking lights arose in the course of the same transaction, he fined the accused Re. one.

In the case of the Ripon Club, it was represented that a week before two police officers had visited the Club and had been shown all the arrangements for screening lights and had approved of it. The arrangements as approved by them was continued. They had not the slightest intention to disobey the law. The three unshaded lights were in the dining room and 40 feet away from the windows.

But as the police evidence showed that the glare of the lights could actually be seen on the road the Magistrate held that the law had in fact been transgressed He however let off the accused with an admonition not to repeat the offence.

Empress Mill Strike Ends

NAGPUR, July 15.

The workers of the Empress Mill, which employs the bulk of the textile operatives of Nagpur, resumed work this morning after 12 days' strike in pursuance of the resolution passed by the Nagpur Textile Union yesterday and ratified by a meeting of the workers last evening accepting the offer of the management of the mills permitting the operatives to resume work from today, provided they will not go on strike in sympathy with the Model Mill workers or on the question of the basis of counting the days by monthly wages.

The management, it is understood, has, however, expressed inability to concede the demand contained in the Union's resolution for payment of wages for the period the workers abstained from work. Meanwhile the situation is unchanged in Model Mill where the strike and the lock-out continue.—A. P.

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BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Sud 12, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 10, 1359
Parsi: Rahman 15, 1309
Hightide: 10-10; 21-46
Lowtide: 3-17; 16-14
Sunrise: 6h. 10m.
Sunset: 7h. 20m.

BOMBAY KANNADA SANGHA

There will be a public lecture in Kannada on "Ramayana from a new angle" by Sriman Masti Venkatesa Iyengar (Mysore Civil Service) in the Mysore Association Hall (Bhandaji Road, Matunga, G.I.P.) to-day (Tuesday) at 8 p.m.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Tuesday) at the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, when Dr. K. S. Mhaskar will deliver a lecture on "Nutrition and Dietetics" from 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.)

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"FOLIES PARISIENNE"
AND
"HE'S IN THE NAVY"
(Wadia Movietone Documentary!)

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan in Reno". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Zanzibar". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Primrose Path". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

PRESENTMENT AND PAYMENT OF HUNDIS

The Secretary, Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Bombay, writes:—

The question of reducing hours of presentment and payment of Hundis in view of war emergency was considered by the Committee on July 13, and after discussion the Committee resolved that from July 16 the presentment of Hundis be made upto 3 p.m. and the payment of Hundis be made upto 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) and this is to last as long as the war emergency continues.

PRESENTATION OF HUNDIS

The Multani Shikarpuri Shroff Association have made alterations in their bye-laws so as to alter the time for presentation of Hundis from 4 p.m. (S.T.) to 3 p.m. (S.T.) and the time for the payment of the same from 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) from the 16th July, 1940.

PHARMACEUTICAL AND ALLIED MANUFACTURERS' & DISTRIBUTORS' ASSOCN.

The Hon. Secretary, the Pharmaceutical and Allied Manufacturers' and Distributors' Association, Limited, Bombay, writes:—

The first ordinary general meeting after the incorporation of the Association was held and the following office-bearers were elected:—

President: E. W. Fairbrass, Esq., M.P.S. (Kemp and Co. Ltd); Vice-President: Dr. M. Venkatrao, J.P. (Powells, Limited); Honorary Secretary: G. W. Gosling, Esq. (Martin and Harris, Ltd.); Honorary Treasurer: H. W. Fieth, Esq. (Parke, Davis and Company).

EXPORT OF INDIA-MADE TYRES AND TUBES

A Press Note issued by the Western India Automobile Association states that the Government of India have decided to waive till the end of the War the restrictions imposed on the export of India-made tyres and tubes fitted to motor cars.

The restrictions suspended are those under Section 2 (4) iii and Section 20(1) and (2) of the Indian Rubber Control Act 1934, which lay down that the export of cars equipped with indigenous tyres and tubes must be accompanied with export licences and certificates of origin in respect of the rubber contents of such tyres and tubes.

GOODS MOTOR VEHICLES TAX

The Bombay Government has extended up to July 25 the time for the payment of the Motor Vehicles Tax for the current quarter by owners of goods vehicles.

W.I.A.A.'S NEW PRESIDENT

Mr. S. Guevrek was elected President of the Western India Automobile Association at the first meeting of the Committee which took place on Monday, July 15th.

Mr. Guevrek, Proprietor of the International Motor Company, was first elected to the W.I.A.A.'s Committee in May 1922 and has also been a Vice-President of the Association for nearly eight years.

Tributes were paid at the meeting to the retiring President, Mr. N. M. Chinoy's services and a resolution placing on record the Committee's appreciation of the valuable services rendered by Mr. Chinoy was passed. Mr. J. M. Kamdar and Mr. S. N. C. Patuck, the retiring Vice-Presidents were re-elected for another term.

LESSONS OF FRENCH REVOLUTION TO FIGHTERS FOR FREEDOM

The real purpose of the French Revolution could be fulfilled only if every Indian strived for national freedom as a means to the regeneration of a social order, based on equality and just distribution of wealth, declared Mr. S. H. Jhabvala, speaking at a meeting, held at Chowpatty, on Sunday evening under the auspices of the Bombay League of Radical Congressmen.

The meeting was convened in order to celebrate the 151st. anniversary of the great French-Revolution.

Mr. Jhabvala explained the significance of the French Revolution and the lessons it held out to all peoples struggling for freedom.

He said that on the occasion of the commemoration of the French Revolution, it would be a fitting act if every one resolved to make India free and to establish liberty, equality and fraternity as the basis of India's politico-economic life.

Mr. V. B. Karnik said that the capitulation of France to the Nazis had taken the country back to the regime that existed before the 1789.

Mr. Marathe, Mrs. Maniben Mulji and others also addressed the gathering.

The French Revolution Day (July 14) was celebrated by a mass meeting held on Chowpatty sands on Sunday. Photo shows Mr. Jhabwalla addressing the gathering.

APPEAL FOR SCHOOL IN MECCA

Qari Mohamed Ishaq, Superintendent, Madaris Fakhriyya, Mecca, who is now in Bombay, has issued an appeal on behalf of the schools:

Madaris Fakhriyya has been in existence for the last 61 years and has done much for the education of youth in the holy city of Mecca. Besides Arabic and theology, the school provides technical instruction in tailoring, bookbinding, weaving, etc. H. E. H. the Nizam donates part of the expenses and in the past the Indian pilgrims have liberally contributed towards the maintenance of the school. This year as the number of Indian pilgrims going to Mecca has been considerably reduced, the school is in financial difficulties and needs all the support that it can get.

Qari Mohamed Ishaq is staying at Musaffarkhana Sabu Siddiq, Bombay 3.

ACCIDENT VERDICT

While removing up a pot of hot water from a burning stove, Dhanabai Hormasji Katrak, a resident of Khetwadi sustained severe burns as her sari came in contact with the flames of the stove on Sunday.

She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she died on Monday morning.

A verdict of accidental death was recorded by the Coroner at the inquest held on her body today.

INQUEST VERDICT

A verdict of death by shock and intrapleural haemorrhage with fractured ribs, due to accidental fall off the dicky bon of his victoria, the horse of which having shied was galloping along Palton Road, Bombay, at a very high speed on July 12 was returned by the Coroner at the inquest held on the body of Malai Ilahi (40) a driver of a hack victoria, to-day.

ACCIDENTAL VERDICT.

A verdict of death by extradural haemorrhage due to accidental heavy fall on Nariman Road, Ville Parle, on Saturday was returned by the Jury at the inquest on the body of Shripat Wamanrao Kothare (10) a resident of Ville Parle, who died in the K. E. M. Hospital on Sunday.

RULER OF NAGOD ADMITTED TO CHAMBER OF PRINCES

NAGOD: July 15.

His Excellency the Crown Representative has admitted His Highness the Raja of Nagod as a member of the Chamber of Princes in his own right.

INDO-FRENCH TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATIONS SUSPENDED

Telegraphic communications between India on the one hand and France and French Colonial territories outside India on the other are temporarily suspended.

POSSESSION OF MINOR GIRL FOR IMMORAL PURPOSES

Accused Convicted

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia)
King-Emperor v. 1. Fatmabai. 2. S. K. Ahmed and Another.

The accused were charged with the offence of procuration of a minor girl for immoral purposes (Section 366-A, I.P.C.) and in the alternative with having obtained possession of a minor girl for immoral purposes (Section 373, I.P.C.). They were committed to the High Court Sessions on 19th June, 1940 by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate.

The prosecution alleged that the victim, who was a young Mahomedan girl and the accused were neighbours residing in adjoining rooms in the same chawl. Accused No. 1 (Fatmabai) was on visiting terms with the young victim's family. On 13th February 1940 accused No. 1 woke up the minor girl in the small hours of the morning and took her into Fatmabai's own room where accused Nos. 2 and 3 were. Accused No. 2 and 3 then took the minor girl away in a taxi and lodged her in a hotel. She was made to stay at the hotel for the whole day and during that time accused No. 3 had illicit connection with her. She was then taken to the house of a woman and there again used for immoral purposes by another man. In the meantime the Police raided the place as a result of the complaint lodged by the parents of the victim on finding that she had disappeared.

The Jury returned a unanimous verdict finding all the accused not guilty on the first charge under Section 366-A of the Indian Penal Code. The Jury, however, found all the three accused guilty on the alternative charge of having obtained possession of a minor girl for immoral purposes under Section 373, I.P.C.

His Lordship sentenced accused No. 1 (Fatmabai) to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment, and accused No. 2 (S. K. Ahmed) to four years' rigorous imprisonment. As there was some doubt as to the age of accused No. 3, who was also found guilty on that charge, His Lordship has reserved sentence as far as he was concerned.

Mr. J. C. Forbes instructed by the Public Prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Petigara, appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. M. A. Sakhardande with Mr. B. G. Pradhan appeared for the accused.

263 Selected For Civic Guards

BOMBAY, Monday.

Up-to-date, 263 applicants, out of a total of 2100, have been selected for the Civic Guards. Of these applicants 156 have been definitely rejected for one reason or another, such as, physical unfitness, under-age, or because their residences were outside Bombay limits.

LATE MR. RUSTOMJI M. WADIA

A special meeting of the members of the University Students Parsi Union was held at the Tutorial High School on Sunday last, under the chairmanship of Mr. Ardeshir Edalji Bengali to express the Union's profound sorrow at the demise of Mr. Rustomji Manekji Wadia, father of Mr. Manekji Rustomji Wadia, one of the Union's active members when the following resolution, proposed by Dasturji Framroze Ardeshir Bode, B.A., and supported by Noshir Dastur, was unanimously passed:—

"This meeting of the members of the University Students Parsi Union places on record its deepest sense of sorrow at the demise of Mr. Rustomji M. Wadia, father of Mr. Manekji R. Wadia one of the active members of the Union. The meeting offers its heartfelt sympathies to the family of the deceased".

TILAK ANNIVERSARY PREPARATIONS

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:

An informal meeting of Congress workers in various Wards will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p. m. (S. T.) at the Congress House, to consider and finally settle the programme for the Tilak Anniversary which falls on the 1st of August.

ALLEGED TRESPASS.

Dattaram Sitaram Gad alias Naik alias Datta Dada, was put up before Mr. D. S. Babrekar at the Girgaum Court on a charge of trespassing into the room of a woman resident of the locality and manhandling her.

He was ordered to be bailed out.

MAKE YOUR BABY FULL OF LIFE

Active babies are healthy babies. Your baby should be always kicking, moving his little toes, or hands—grasping at everything he can reach. Then you will know that he is growing into a big, strong man.

GIVE BABY THE RIGHT FOOD

To make your baby gain weight steadily and have plenty of energy, his food must be correct. Of course you should feed him yourself if you can; but if you can't, remember that cow's milk is meant for calves; it is too strong for a baby's delicate stomach. Before you give cow's milk to your baby you must add to it water which has been boiled.

When baby is old enough to take other food besides his mother's milk, still it is better not to give him plain cow's milk at first.

MUSCLE-FOOD

Sugar is the natural food to make the muscles work, one special kind of sugar. Mother's milk contains nearly twice as much of this sugar as cow's milk. So when you add water to cow's milk, you are giving baby's muscles less than half the food they need. They will draw the energy from the fat in his little body, and he will get thin and weak. Therefore you must add sugar.

The right kind of Sugar for Baby

But if you add ordinary sugar to cow's milk and water, it will put a strain on baby's little stomach, and will often cause wind and other troubles of the digestion.

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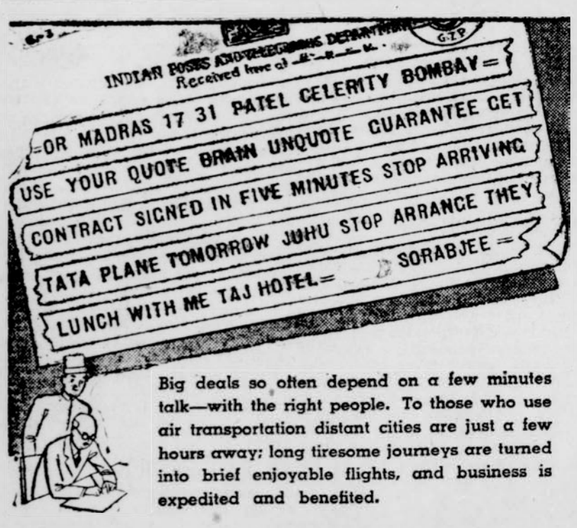
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D. 10.45	Ahmedabad	Madras	D. 14.00
D. 13.45	Bombay		Next Day
D. 14.45	Poona	Hyderabad	D. 06.30
D. 06.30	Hyderabad	Poona	D. 09.40
Next Day		Bombay	D. 11.10
D. 10.00	Madras	Ahmedabad	D. 13.55
D. 12.00	Trichinopoly	Bhuj	D. 16.00
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1940

CONGRESS MUST SAVE PROHIBITION

It has taken the Bombay Government a whole fortnight to formulate their policy with regard to prohibition in the light of the High Court decision of July 1. That decision was to the effect that the Government Notification of July 1939 inaugurating prohibition in Bombay city and suburbs was invalid and was not properly validated by the Governor's Act of 1940. The High Court also stated that it was beyond the powers of the Provincial Legislature to enact any law prohibiting the possession of intoxicants in such a way as to encroach upon the right to import and export across the Customs frontiers. As the policy of prohibition had been adopted by Government under a mandate from the public and the Legislature, it was their duty further to amend the defective Governor's Act, so far as that could be done, on the lines suggested by the High Court itself. As regards the Court's view that a Provincial Legislature cannot enforce the prohibition measures in question under the Government of India Act, if that is really the view of the Court, it was not a decision proper and, therefore, was not binding upon the Government. Legal opinion is also divided on that view. The least that Government should have done in the circumstances was to enforce promptly the prohibition measures so far as they could within the four corners of the High Court ruling and refer legal difficulties to the Federal Court. But Government did nothing of the kind. They waited and looked on while the Court's ruling made a breach in the prohibition dam, looked on while the breach became wider and have now, with their own hands, made the breach wider still.

Wrong Will And Wrong Way

Under the new plans Government will increase the facilities for the supply of foreign liquor. In addition to "a restricted (?) number of retail venders" to sell foreign liquor at regulated prices, "reasonable facilities" will be given "to those accustomed to foreign liquor for its consumption under proper conditions". Government propose "further extension to clubs and to reputable hotels and restaurants of the privilege of serving foreign liquor". We do not think these increased facilities are an inevitable result of the High Court decision. But Government propose to go further and provide facilities for the consumption of country liquor and toddy also. They gratuitously assume that it will not be possible effectively to prohibit the entry of country liquor or toddy. So they propose to permit free import of either in the prohibited areas if only the importers pay an excise duty. Thus all those who can pay the higher cost will be free to import as much liquor from outside the city and suburbs as they need for their consumption, to which there is to be no limit. This facility to the drinkers is certainly not necessitated by the High Court's decision. This step is bad enough, but Government seem to contemplate going still further. Having made a good part of illicit transport licit, they now say that they still need "the co-operation of the public in detecting illicit transport and manufacture". If, therefore, the Congress members of the Prohibition Boards resign their seats, as indeed they must to escape responsibility for the proposed unconscionable scheme of sabotage, Government will complain that they cannot maintain prohibition —what remains of it now?—without wholehearted public support. And if wholehearted public support helps in detecting a number of cases of illicit transport and manufacture Government may argue, as they have done before, that there is too much of illicit consumption of liquor, that nobody is really benefited and only Government are balked of their revenue, and that the best way to remedy illicit consumption is to provide "reasonable facilities" for the licit consumption which the people insist upon inspite of all the humanitarian efforts of Government to save them from the evils of drink. Where there is a wrong will there will always be a wrong way.

Wanted Bold Efforts

Is the situation then irretrievable? Not at all. Only, it can be retrieved far more by the direct efforts of the people than through the present Government. Much should not be expected from the proposed appeal to the Federal Court. For Government have already warned the public that, "even if the present legal position came to be modified by a higher tribunal, effective prohibition of intoxicants could only be satisfactorily secured by the passing of a specific and comprehensive Prohibition Act to replace the Abkari Act, and that such a measure "should be left to be enacted by the Legislature". This means that, though Government have assumed all the responsibilities of a Legislature, they are not prepared to discharge them Their concern for the Legislature is such that, though their action is ruining a measure enjoined by it, they are not prepared to adopt another embodying precisely the same policy as that of the former. Prohibition, therefore, can be saved only by the prompt, bold and persistent efforts of the proposed Congress Prohibition Board. As the entire prohibition policy is at stake, the Board should not confine itself only to the cities of Bombay and Ahmedabad. Congress Committees throughout the province may well start vigorous prohibition propaganda.

A Fighting Speech

Always eloquent and undaunted Mr. Churchill is also invariably candid. And his latest broadcast address is not lacking in any of its expected qualities. He refused to minimise the dangers that Britain has to face, in fact, he seemed to be anxious to make his listeners realise those dangers to the full. He told them that they had to pass through a long and dark valley. But he also assured them that that valley was going to be traversed whatever the trials till they emerged into "sunlight on the uplands beyond." But with a note of warning went also a note of confidence. Mr. Churchill explained how Britain had revolutionised her defences, upsetting, perhaps, Herr Hitler's original plans. More welcome was his reference to the success of the R. A. F. which has been inflicting losses on the German air force in the proportion of 5 to 1 and expects to do even better in the future. Most encouraging, of course, were his and Mr. Alexander's declarations to the effect that the Nazis have failed to interfere with British shipping in any degree. His address was that of a veritable leader and has deservedly proved a tonic for his people. Incidentally, somewhere in his speech the British Premier appeals to friends and sympathisers for their goodwill and help. It is in his power to have both, to-morrow and in the fullest measure, from at least one country and its 350 million people if he cares to.

"Non-Violent Resistance"

To The Editor Of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In a way I liked your article, "Non-violent Resistance," of the 11th instant, I was feeling a little uneasy at the camouflage of some of the journals and leaders, who have been representing to the public that the Working Committee had not yet given up its faith in non-violence and was going to adhere to it firmly, and that it believed violence to be futile and incapable of saving any one; and so there was no parting of ways between the Congress and Gandhiji, though the latter might say otherwise. I am glad that your leader recognises the difference frankly, in supporting the Working Committee's stand.

I confess I am not convinced of the Working Committee's logic. But I do not wish to discuss logic here. I am prepared to accept the position that the Indian National Congress must stand for the nation and not for Gandhiji or Non-violence, and that it has every right to give up both of them, if the interests of the nation lie some other way. Gandhiji had done useful service to the nation, and the nation may remember it with gratitude, but, after all, he is only one of the several great leaders, who before him had served to build up the Congress and had to leave it, because the Congress wanted to go further than they could take her.

So, it does not matter that the Working Committee's stand has brought about the retirement of Gandhiji from Congress politics. But the doubt which I feel is, whether the policy proposed to be followed by the Working Committee regarding the War is in the interest of the nation.

★

Men like me had been attracted to the Congress, worked for it in our humble way, and always entertained great respect for it, because we felt that it was the only institution in the country, which advocated the cause of the "Daridranarayan" and became the mouth of the dumb millions. It was in their interest that the Congress took up the Salt Satyagraha, the Forest Satyagraha, the Bardoli and Borsad Satyagrahas, the policy of Prohibition, Basic Education and so on.

I have been thinking, whether, in case the British Government settles terms with the Congress and other aspirants for power, so that the Congress returns to office with the express programme of vigorously prosecuting the war, it will be in a position to say any longer that it is the champion of the "Daridranarayan?" It is clear that the British Government will seek settlement with the Indian politicians for the sole purpose of getting more men, more materials and more money for the war. So, it may create a Government, which will style itself "National Government", and seek to impose new ordinances and new taxes,—partly no doubt, upon the well-to-do, but mainly upon the poor. The prohibition policy may have to be stopped, the salt-tax may be increased, who knows, the post-card and the envelope may become costlier, and officers will do brisk work, as they did in 1914, to raise war-subscriptions, and the "National Government" will appreciate their services in a suitable manner in proportion to the energy they will display. And the Congress will be a party to all this! I am afraid that it is not merely the academic abandonment of Non-violence, but also of its championship of the masses, that is going to take place, if the aspiration of the Working Committee succeeds.

✦

You have said that as journalists you "have day in and day out your fingers on the pulse of the country and thereby can gauge the wishes, fears and needs of the public" I respectfully ask, which part of the population has got nervous? Who is in fear and panic? I agree that Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras, Ahmedabad and about a dozen or two other towns and cities have reason to get nervous at present. But there, too, not the whole of these cities. The common people even there do not feel panicky. Nor do the millions of their relations in the villages. But, I am afraid, they will have a reason to feel nervous, as soon as a "National Government" comes into existence. For they will then be made to realise with greater coercion, what a war means to them.

I wish the Working Committee had elected of its own will to remain with the nation, instead of with a "National" Government 'minus' a major part of the nation. It is not yet late to reconsider.

I wish you had not said anything about the Peace Brigade Perhaps, you are not conscious of the censure implied in referring to its 'complete failure' on the common members of the Congress and the Gandhi Seva Sangh. If it did or does not come into being it was or is not for want of energetic effort on the part of Gandhiji, but of these two bodies, who for one reason or another could not make up their will to take it up. If 'the double miracle' has to be done by Gandhiji alone, who knows, he may still do it.

Begging to be excused for the length of the letter. I am.—Yours, etc.,

K. G. MASHRUWALA

Wardha, July 12.

INSOLENT AND DEPLORABLE CONDUCT

Sir Raffiuddin Ahmed Condemns Jinnah's Scurrilous Attack On Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

POONA, July 15.

Maulvi Sir Raffiuddin Ahmed, ex-Education Minister to the Government of Bombay, has issued a statement to the press on the Azad-Jinnah telegraphic correspondence, in which he says:—"There is not a single educated Mahomedan, be he a Congressman or a Muslim Leaguer, who has not read with grief or shame gratuitously insolent reply of Mr. M. A. Jinnah sent to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad regarding a perfectly relevant and polite telegraphic enquiry.

It is a very serious matter, because it is an official reply of the President of the All-India Muslim League to the President of the Indian National Congress in connection, not with any personal but a public matter, arising out of the criticism of the former sent to the press on the resolution of the Working Committee of the Congress regarding the war.

The offence is all the more deplorable, as it is committed without consulting the Working Committee of the League, two of whose members Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and Mr. Fazlul Huq have been discussing public matters with the Maulana not as a Muslim show-boy in the hands of the Hindus, but a responsible leader of a political party and one of the most clear-headed statesmen in India.

It passes the wit of man to understand why Mr. Jinnah released the correspondence to the press, so hastily without consulting the Maulana and thus breaking the usual practice followed in such cases.

Mr. Jinnah calls the Maulana a Muslim show-boy of the Hindus and accuses him of having forfeited the confidence of Muslim India. This is a case of the pot calling the kettle black. These were exactly the charges that were made against Mr. Jinnah himself by his co-religionists thirty and odd years ago.—A. P.

PUNJAB MOVE TO BRING ROUND JINNAH

LAHORE, July 15.

The Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League at a meeting held at the residence of Nawab Sir Mohammed Shah Nawaz Khan of Mamdot, President of the League, has decided by majority that a deputation, consisting of Nawab Sir Shah Nawaz Khan, Dr. Mohammad Alam and Raja Ghaznafar Ali, should wait on Mr. Jinnah to explain to him the peculiar position in the Punjab and to request him to reconsider the resolution banning members of the Muslim League from joining the war board or its committees.—A. P.

Congressmen Arrested

MADRAS, July 15.

Mr. M. K. Pandurangam, Secretary of the Chingleput District Congress Committee and a member of the Chingleput District Board, and Mr. M. Venkatachala Mudaliar, another Congress leader of the District, were arrested under Section 38 (5) and 39 (6) of the Defence of India Act.

The residences of both the Congress leaders were also searched, and literature and some materials seized.—United Press.

STUDENTS AND WORKERS SENTENCED

CHITTAGONG, July 15.

Twelve persons, including Congress Workers, Kisan organisers and Kisans were sentenced to-day to various terms of imprisonment by the Additional Sub-Divisional Magistrate on different charges under the Defence of India Rules.

The men had been arrested in connection with participation in May Day celebrations which were held in contravention of official orders in rural areas.—A. P.

Socialist In Madura Arrested

MADRAS, July 15.

Krishna Kunthu, a Socialist leader of this District, was arrested by local police under the Defence of India Act in connection with certain speeches delivered by him recently, and remanded in custody.—United Press.

Railway Union Official Arrested

AJMER, July 15.

Mr. Riaz Alam, Vice-President of the B.B. and C.I. Railway Workmen's Union, was arrested yesterday under the Defence of India Act.—A. P

SOCIALIST ARRESTED.

PATNA, July 15.

Jogendra Sukul, a Socialist, was arrested here to-day under the Defence of India Rules.

It may be recalled that Jogendra was repatriated from the Andamans by the Congress Government.—United Press.

Frankly Speaking

Eire's Preparations

"Enthusiasm for defence and neutrality is very marked and the population is helping everywhere" says a Reuter message from Dublin. The review of the situation in Eire is quite optimistic and, to a large extent, justifiably so. Eire is not, geographically, so badly situated as Norway, let alone Denmark and the Low countries. A very long stretch of sea separates her from Germany which has no navy worth the name; while all routes to Eire are guarded day and night by British warships and aeroplanes, an invasion of Eire will be difficult. But it is not impossible. Moreover, once it takes place Eire's own resources and preparations will, most likely, be unable to beat it back decisively. And the British will have to rush to Eire not only for her own sake but, more so, for their own. For this they are, we believe, making energetic preparations in Ulster. Their counter-invasion will be decisively successful. But it is necessary that, in the meantime, they must fully respect Eire's neutrality.

Russo-Japanese Pact

A Japanese newspaper again urges upon Japan its suggestion made some time ago to form a German-Italian-Japanese military alliance and to pursue a "south region policy" even by force and even in defiance of the United States. But it has added another item to the earlier suggestion: to "readjust relations with the Soviet Union along the lines of the German-Soviet Non-Aggression Pact." With France fallen and Britain fully occupied in the Atlantic and the Mediterranean, the Japanese naturally regard the present as their expansionist opportunity. But what an ironical commentary the last suggestion is on Japan's "anti-Comintern" ideals. In other circumstances such a suggestion would, mainly, excite amusement. But if Japan is manifestly opportunist, Russia, too, has shown herself to be "realistic" *par excellence*. Let us, therefore, most earnestly hope that the history of Russia's pact with Germany will not be repeated in a Russo-Japanese deal at the expense of China.

Britain Yields

Meanwhile, the Japanese, sure of the war shyness of the United States, are putting pressure upon Britain to close the Burma route. That pressure, it may be assumed, has succeeded. The British, conscious evidently of the impossibility of any useful support from the United States much less from Russia, have virtually decided to close the route—whether permanently or temporarily is immaterial. For, in addition to the London, the Governor of Malaya has broadcast a speech on Anglo-Japanese relations which he concludes significantly thus: "To win the fight (against Hitler) Britain must be allowed to concentrate on the struggle until it was won, even if many a cause she had at heart had to be sacrificed for a while." But the question remains: Will this sacrifice keep the Japanese quiet for the duration?

An Urgent Reform

The people of Kamatipura, who are trying to remove houses of ill-fame from the neighbourhood of their schools, have a sound and urgent case and they will do well not to mix it up with the wider and harder problem of removing all such houses from their locality. Segregation of these houses in an out of the way place is decidedly a lesser evil than that of tolerating them in all localities indiscriminately. But reform even to this extent should not be expected from the present Government and will have to await the return of a Government more responsive to the wishes and welfare of the people. The removal of brothels from near schools, however, is an urgent matter which cannot wait indefinitely. The menace of brothels will be greater now in view of the forthcoming facilities to drunkards.

Women's Satyagraha

In her presidential address at the Dehra Dun Branch of the All-India Women's Conference Begum Hamid Ali suggested that the time had come for women to resort to Satyagraha for securing their equal rights. Gandhiji, the apostle of Satyagraha, has often expressed the view that by tradition and training Indian women are better fitted than men for the purest forms of Satyagraha. And thousands of women including many of the most backward classes demonstrated the truth of his tribute in the last national Satyagraha campaigns. Wherever they joined the campaign for prohibition and the boycott of foreign cloth, they succeeded far more than men. Not a few men Satyagrahis owed their part in the struggle to the example of the women folk in their families. We have, therefore, not the least doubt that, if women resort to Satyagraha to win their rights they are bound to succeed.

A Possible Silent Revolution

But Satyagraha for such a purpose needs much greater unity of purpose and organisation than Indian women can now command. Many, who are accustomed to attend their annual conferences to adopt delectable resolutions and to make or listen to speeches thereon, will oppose tooth and nail the very talk of any kind of Satyagraha. Undesirable results may also follow if Satyagraha deviates from its best form. In any case, speaking generally, milder forms need yet to be persevered in before sterner ones may be resorted to. This, however, does not preclude quiet but concerted self-assertion in the exercise of one's birth-rights. For instance, women long doomed to the purdah, may quietly but firmly discard it for ever on a prescribed Anti-Purdah day. That would be a great and beneficent reform from every point of view. Nor is it an impossible task. If a concerted effort is made, it may bring about a revolution over-night. And one such silent revolution will facilitate another.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

NEW YORK, July 15.

Clarence Streit, founder of "Union Now" Movement, has taken a full page advertisement in the "New York Times" to explain his proposal for "a Declaration of Interdependence" as the basis of a federal union between the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

The proposed democratic federation would be called "The Union of the Free World."

—Reuter.

* * * *

PATNA, July 15.

A resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League last evening "fully endorses the view expressed by Mr. Jinnah in reply to the telegram of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and expresses its complete agreement with the same."—A. P.

A complete answer to the alter ego, isn't it?

* * * *

A Japanese newspaper suggests for the second time a Japanese "Drang Nach Sud" along with a non-aggression pact with Russia.

What will be Comrade Stalin's demand as *quid pro quo*? Part of China which he is helping Chiang-kai-Shek to defend against Japan?

* * * *

Throughout his broadcast speech, Mr. Winston Churchill referred only to Hitler and "the dark course of Hitler".

He was, of course, right. But Signor Mussolini will be annoyed at being ignored so completely and contemptuously.

* * * *

Mr. Churchill's speech, says a Washington message, "has put most Americans in a better heart than at any time since the French disaster."

They are becoming confident of fighting for the Atlantic to the last Briton, as it were.

* * * *

According to Mr. Alexander, the chances of a ship in British convoy being sunk were still only one in 681.

According to Berlin, however, the sure chances of a ship in British convoy being sunk are now approximately 681 in one.

* * * *

The capture of an Italian submarine by a British trawler is, according to a Naval expert, "an event which is quite without precedent".

We are sure Italy will not rest on her unique laurels but break her own record over and over again.

* * * *

Commenting on the recent "brief battle" in the Mediterranean an American writer suggests that Italy's sea supply lines to Libya may be threatened.

Impossible. We understand that Signor Mussolini has personally congratulated the Italian fleet on its success.

✦ ✦ ✦

Jean Borotra, the famous tennis player, is to be appointed by the Fascist Government of France as Director of Sports.

What a fall for the Bounding Basque!

✦ ✦ ✦

Bombay Not A Dry City Now.
—Headline.

As a matter of fact the city sometimes becomes too wet, and suddenly, for the comfort of many of us.

R. A. F.'s Achievements In Series Of Raids

Whirlwind Attacks On Military Posts All Over Germany

Aircraft Factories, Oil Stores, Tanks, Railway Junctions And Naval Bases Bombed

Nine Separate Fires Started: Considerable Damage Done

LONDON, July 14.

The Air Ministry states that naval shipbuilding and the Focke Wulf Aircraft Factory at Bremen were heavily attacked for over an hour on Saturday night by R. A. F. bombers which dropped many high explosive and incendiary bombs.

Dock buildings and railway lines running near the jetties were hit, while in the attack on aircraft works, one of the buildings was set on fire and some bombs burst on the test aerodrome attached to the factory.

This was one of the series of raids carried out over Germany, Holland and Belgium which included in their targets naval barracks, oil plants, storage tanks, chemical factories and other munition works, railway sidings, over a dozen aerodromes and seaplane bases.

Air-Frame Factory Attacked

In the attack on an air-frame factory at Deichshausen, one of the raiders scored five hits on the building out of six high explosive bombs dropped. The mineral oil works at Honheim hit several times and left on fire and when another section of the raiders scored a direct hit on the munition works in Lever Kusen, north of Cologne. a particularly vivid explosion followed.

The metal works at Grevenbroich and oil tanks and explosive factory at Hamburg were also attacked.

THE RAILWAY JUNCTIONS AND SIDINGS IN INDUSTRIAL CENTRES WERE AGAIN HEAVILY BOMBED.

SO SEVERE WERE THE RESULTS OF THE ATTACK, LASTING ONE AND A HALF HOURS ON THE SIDINGS AT SOEST, DURING WHICH NINE SEPARATE FIRES STARTED, THAT THE PILOT OF AN AIRCRAFT ARRIVING FOR A LATER ATTACK, CAME TO THE CONCLUSION THAT IT WAS NOT WORTHWHILE ATTACKING IT SEEING FIRES AND MANY LARGE CRATERS IN THE TARGET ZONE.

Naval Barracks Bombed

He flew on to Lippstadt where he obtained three direct hits on the railway junction with high explosives.

Naval barracks at Rugen Island were bombed and attacks made on land and sea aircraft bases which comprised one of the very extensive operations of this kind hitherto undertaken.

The seaplane base at Borkum was attacked with high explosive and incendiaries and bombs burst on landing grounds and aerodrome buildings.

Norderney Aerodrome was attacked in driving rain storm and was straddled by a salvo of bombs and high explosive bombs were seen to hit the landing ground during the attack on Dekooy in north Holland

Renewed Attacks By Coastal Command

AN AIR MINISTRY BULLETIN STATES THAT MORE BARGE CONCENTRATIONS AT BRUGES AND STPIERRE, A FEW MILES NORTH OF BRUGES, WERE DESTROYED TO-DAY WHEN BLENHEIM BOMBERS OF THE COASTAL COMMAND RENEWED THEIR ATTACK.

BLENHEIMS DROPPED MANY INCENDIARY BOMBS AND SCORED DIRECT HITS ON BARGES AND STARTED MANY FIRES ON A CANAL BANK. ONE PILOT, PICKED UP BY CONCENTRATION OF SEARCHLIGHTS, BOMBED THAT TOO, HIS BOMBS BURSTING IN THE MIDDLE OF A RING OF LIGHT.

THE GUNNER OF ANOTHER BLENHEIM FIRED DOWN A BEAN OF SEARCHLIGHTS AND EXTINGUISHED IT.

Much damage was done by Hudson aircraft of the Coastal Command during the night when a pilot bombed the Dutch harbour of Harlingen. His heavy bombs exploded in warehouses adjoining and on the quay. As he turned away he could see explosion after explosion in the warehouses, which were already in flames.

The blaze was still visible when the aircraft were well out at sea.—Reuter.

Tokio 'Firman' On Britain

Br. Shipping In Unoccupied Coastal Ports Asked To Quit

SHANGHAI, July 15.

THE JAPANESE AUTHORITIES HAVE REQUESTED BRITISH SHIPPING TO LEAVE CHINA'S FOUR REMAINING UNOCCUPIED COASTAL PORTS — FOOCHOW, SANTUAO, WENCHOW, AND NINGPO.

THE REASON GIVEN IS THAT THE JAPANESE INTEND TO START ACTION AGAINST THESE PORTS ON JULY 16 AFTER WHICH THEY WILL NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGE.—Reuter.

CRAIGIE-ARITA PARLEYS

TOKYO, July 15.

The Foreign Office spokesman stated that Sir Robert Craigie had a three hours' talk with Mr. Arita this morning and discussed the Japanese request for a ban on supplies to China via Burma.—Reuter.

LEGLESS PILOT'S EXPLOIT

LONDON, July 14.

One of Germany's week-end air losses was a Dornier 17 which was shot down into the sea by a Hurricane fighter piloted by a legless pilot, flying officer Douglas Robert Stewart Bader, who was acrobatics ace at Hendon before his accident nine years ago.—Reuter.

FR. EMBASSY STAFF TO LEAVE LONDON

LONDON, July 15.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns from French official circles that the staff of the French Embassy in London will be leaving England in the near future. For certain reasons connected with navigation it is unlikely that the exact date of the departure will be revealed.

TEACHERS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 15

About 45 teachers of the Vidyapith Training Class of Ahmedabad District School Board have gone on hunger-strike near the School Board Office. It is learnt as the authorities have not accepted their demand to make them permanent and increase their pay or to relieve them from training class.

Punjab Assembly Speaker's Ruling

(Continued from page 1

ported the Congress point of view saying that the rules of the House did not provide for putting a motion without any debate or amendment. Rules in England were different.

Sardar Sampuransingh, Leader of the Opposition, elucidated the difference between the Speaker exercising his authority to ask the strangers to withdraw, and the House deciding to go into a secret session on the motion of the Premier.

He said in the former case, the proceedings would be recorded and the members would have the right to divulge the proceedings whereas in the latter case, no proceedings could be recorded, and the members would perhaps be bound not to divulge the proceedings. He requested the Speaker to exercise his authority instead of leaving the matter to the House.

The Speaker, however maintained his original ruling and put the motion to the vote of the House which was carried by 91 to 48 votes. The press was then asked to withdraw and the House went into the secret session.

FATE OF AMENDMENTS.

At the outset, the Speaker announced that he had received notices of 22 adjournment motions. He said out of these eleven were covered by the subject matter of the official resolution to be discussed to-day in the secret session and therefore could not be moved. Ten motions relating to the recent happenings at Sargodha and other local matters were ruled out of order.

The twenty-second i.e. the last motion standing in the name of Malik Barkatali (Muslim League) proposed to discuss the imposition of punitive police in the walled portion of Lahore. The Speaker held this motion in order, but in view of the fact that this extraordinary session of the Assembly had been called for discussing a specific matter of great importance, he said he would defer the motion to the next ordinary session of the Assembly on the understanding that he would not object to the motion on the ground of absence or urgency.

Then the secret session of the Punjab Legislative Assembly adjourned for lunch at 1-0 p.m. and re-assembled at 3 p.m.

Proceedings Of Secret Session

The following are extracts from a report of the proceedings of the secret session of the Punjab Legislative Assembly issued under the authority of the Speaker.

The Premier moved the resolution:

Addressing himself to the question what the truth is about the Communist menace to the internal peace and security of India, particularly the Punjab and whether it is merely a bogey created by the Punjab Government as an excuse for taking action against certain members of the Congress, the Premier said that it would not perhaps be inopportune to direct the attention of the public to a few quotations from the public press as well as from certain secret Communist publications in the country which threw a flood of light on the questions.

MUNSHI QUOTED

Referring to the recent orders of the Punjab Government for the detention of certain Communist workers, the Working Committee of the Punjab Congress, the Premier pointed out, took it upon itself to criticise the ban of unlawfulness on the Indian Communist Party. The public might, he said, be reminded in this connection that some of the Congress leaders, who had shouldered the responsibilities of the administration had taken a very different view of this ban. In February 1939, the Congress Government in Bombay were asked on the floor of the Legislature if they would recommend to the Government of India to remove the ban. The reply was that they did not consider it in the interest of the public to make such a recommendation.

On March 17, 1939, the Hon'ble Mr. K. M. Munshi, a Minister in the same Government, found occasion, the premier went on to say, to express more vigorously his views about Communist activity in his Province.

The Premier proceeding further pointed out that a few months earlier than Bombay, the Congress Government in Madras had found it necessary to issue an Official Communique calling the attention of the public to the dangerous character of Communist activity in that Province.

AFTER QUOTING FROM PT. JAWAHARLAL

The Premier then referred to how the war had apparently quickened the pace of Communist activity in various Provinces of India, particularly the Punjab. The Communists in the Punjab and no doubt in other Provinces—had been telling one another in their secret circular letters and illegal news sheets and preaching to others that the present was the most opportune time for trying all those methods which were intended by them to bring about a violent revolution in the country and the establishment of an Indian Soviet republic with the help of foreign powers.

UNDERGROUND ACTIVITY

The Premier then maintained that the Punjab Government would have been failing in what was their first and foremost duty towards the Province and at the present stage, if they had not taken necessary action to control and suppress this underground activity which was assuming menacing proportions.

A debate thereupon arose in which the following members took part: (1) Sardar Sampuran Singh, (2) Chaudhri Krishna Gopal Dutt, (3) Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din, (4) Mian Abdul Aziz, (5) Diwan Chaman Lall, (6) Dr. Mutam Mad Alam.

The Premier gave a brief reply. The motion was then put and carried.—A. P.

Britain's Earnest Desire For Sino-Japanese Peace

Might Be Forced To Sacrifice For A While, Many A Cause She Holds Dear, Says Governor Of Malaya

SINGAPORE, July 15.

The efforts by the British Government to bring peace between China and Japan, were disclosed in a broadcast to-night by Mr. S. W. Jones, the Acting Governor of Malaya.

At the moment, he said, the British Government was discussing with the Japanese Government certain proposals affecting the war in China which the latter had advanced.

"Believing that an honourable peace is the real desire of the Chinese and the Japanese peoples, His Majesty's Government will go to the greatest length to avoid prolonging the war in the East and will put forward every effort it can afford, to end it. What the result will be we shall soon know."

In the lone battle she was fighting against heavy odds, continued Mr. Jones, Britain was forced to summon up every effort and make every sacrifice to gain victory against Germany, which victory was the sole hope of civilisation.

She was stripped for the grimmest struggle in history. It had been one of her saddest trials to see China and Japan—formerly Allies of the British Empire—locked in mortal combat and it had been the earnest hope of the British Government that it might be able to promote an earliest possible settlement of the differences between these two great peoples.

Should the Government's efforts to bring peace fail, nothing could be allowed to distract Britain and the Empire from the immediate and overwhelming purposes of overcoming the world's enemy—Hitler's Germany.

To win the fight, Britain must be allowed to concentrate on the struggle until it was won even if many a cause she had at heart, had to be sacrificed for a while.—Reuter.

London View Of Malaya Governor's Statement

LONDON, July 15.

In regard to questions that have arisen as to the broadcast statement by the Acting Governor of Malaya, Reuter's Deplomatic Correspondent learns from authoritative quarters that negotiations are being carried on with the Japanese Government through the medium of the Foreign Office in London and Sir Robert Craigie in Tokyo. No authority was given to Mr. Jones from these sources to make a statement on current negotiations.—Reuter.

Legal Status For Civic Guards

NEW DELHI, July 15.

It is understood that the Central Government proposed to enact legislation giving members of the Civic Guard a legal status and investing them with some or all of the powers of a police officer.

Members of the Civic Guard will receive no pay, the service being honorary. Every member will, however, be entitled to subsistence allowance at the rate of six annas per day when called up for training or duty.

Members of the Civic Guard will be required to undergo preliminary training in elementary police work. The initial training is expected to occupy a total of 72 hours spread over a period of six weeks.—United Press.

The Remedy That Has Definitely Mastered

BAD CIRCULATION

Elasto REGISTERED *The Wonder Tablet*

For Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

IT is the function of the blood to carry health preserving nourishment to the countless millions of living cells of which the body is composed. When it fails in this important function the cells break down and become diseased; *and this condition will persist until the blood itself is revitalised.* So-called "blood purifiers" are of no use in such conditions; impurities in the blood are merely incidental to the condition The real trouble is that the blood has become chemically unbalanced; it is deficient in certain vital constituents, and drugging the system can never make good this deficiency.

Not a Drug, but a Vital Cell-Food!

ELASTO, the new Biomedical Remedy, is not a drug but a vital cell-food; it contains the missing blood-constituents in a highly potentized form, the only form in which the blood can take them up and use them. It is prepared in small, delicate tablets which dissolve instantly on the tongue, and it is absorbed *directly* into the blood through the tiny glands of the mouth and throat. *Elasto does not enter the stomach;* this remarkable fact partly explains its amazing effectiveness. Such ailments as varicose veins, varicose ulcers (bad-leg), swollen legs, phlebitis, skin disease, heart trouble, bad circulation, piles, rheumatism, hardened arteries and similar disabling conditions are directly traceable to degeneration of tissue-cells resulting from a deficiency of the vitalising principles of the blood. No lasting improvement in these conditions is possible until the cause of the weakness has been removed, and this can be done only by making good the deficiency in the blood. Elasto, the Great Blood Revitaliser, does this with complete effectiveness, with results that often appear miraculous.

Healthy Blood—The Basis of all Healing!

IT is an indisputable fact that vigorously circulating, healthy blood, rich in vital properties, is the basis of life and health. It follows logically, therefore, that the revitalised blood and improved circulation, which quickly follow the use of Elasto, cannot fail to bring real and lasting benefit to every organ and tissue of the body. The far-reaching effects of a revitalised blood-stream can be truly amazing; hence the miracles of healing performed by means of blood-transfusion. Elasto is based upon the latest discoveries of curative, nutritional science; it is a pure, natural product, highly potentized, and is in complete harmony with the human system. *Elasto contains no animal gland extracts*

Read what Users of Elasto say:

"No signs of varicose veins now."
"Now walk long distances with ease."
"Cured my rheumatism and neuritis."
"Now free from piles."
"All signs of phlebitis gone."
"Completely cured my varicose ulcers."
"The swelling from ankles to thighs has entirely gone, and I can do a full day's work, keeping on my legs all day."
"Elasto tones up the system and cures depression."
"Rheumatoid arthritis gone. I have never felt better"
"Lumbago cured after 8 years of suffering."
"I had suffered for years from a weak heart, but Elasto cured me"
"Elasto has quite cured my eczema."
"As soon as I started taking Elasto I could go about my work in comfort, no pain whatever."
"After being indoors for 18 months, I can now walk quite well. My heart is stronger and all the pain has left my legs."
"The stinging sensations I used to get in my left arm and leg (Arterio-Sclerosis) are quite gone, and my general health is much improved."
"Varicose veins quickly cured after 12 years of useless bandaging."
"Had rheumatism so badly I could hardly walk, but Elasto cured me."
"Cured my swollen legs although I had been suffering for years."

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COALITION IN ORISSA

Warning To Congressmen

CUTTACK, July 15.

Enquiries in connection with the meeting of yesterday evening where the question of formation of a Coalition Ministry in Orissa is understood to have been considered, reveal that the total strength of the Opposition is 22 and that of the Congress Party 37, including the Speaker in a House of 61, one seat being still vacant owing to the death of Mr. G. C. Thatrai.

CONGRESS MEMBERS ABSENT.

Fourteen members are stated to have attended the meeting. Messages from four members, who promised support in the party's attempt to form a Coalition Ministry, including one from the Leader of the Opposition, were read.

Mr. Roy requests his colleagues in the Assembly on behalf of the Congress Party, not to participate in the deliberations of the Opposition Party meetings, or to lend any support to them.

BISWANATH DAS RETURNS.

Mr. Biswanath Das, who had left for Balasore on a tour of the flood-affected areas, returned to Puri this morning, it is understood, in view of the developments in connection with the proposal to form a Coalition Ministry in the Province.—United Press and A. P.

Federal Union Between British Empire And U. S. A.

NEW YORK, July 15.

Clarence Streit, founder of "Union Now" Movement has taken a full page advertisement in the "New York Times" to explain his proposal for "a Declaration of Interdependence" as the basis of a federal union between the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, Ireland, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

The proposed democratic federation would be called "The Union of the Free World."

As outlined by Mr. Streit the proposal amounts to terms for a permanent alliance between the United States and the British Empire.

New Papers In Madras

MADRAS, July 15.

Two new papers "Free Press", an English daily, and "Bharat Devi", a Tamil daily, priced two pice each, will be published shortly in Madras.

Mr. S. V. Swami, Managing Director of the Free Press Journals (Madras) Ltd. declared himself as printer and publisher of the papers before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day.—United Press.

London: The Chairman of the Thames Conservancy Board stated that 35 employees were engaged for the War Office in the work of damming up "certain rivers in a certain place".

BRITISH DESTROYER LOST

Torpedoed In Western Mediterranean

LONDON, July 15.

An Admiralty Communique announcing the loss of the destroyer "Escort" says she was lost in the Western Mediterranean. She was hit by a torpedo and was damaged and subsequently foundered while in tow.—Reuter.

Federation Of Indian Chambers' Meeting

NEW DELHI, July 15.

The next meeting of the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, will be held in Calcutta on Sunday July 21, says a press communique.—A. P.

I. R. A. OUTRAGE IN BELFAST

Govt. Food Store Set On Fire

BELFAST, July 15.

FIVE ARMED MEN, BELIEVED TO BE MEMBERS OF THE I. R. A., SET FIRE TO THE MINISTRY OF FOOD STORE IN BELFAST ON SUNDAY NIGHT. THE FIRE CAUSED EXTENSIVE DAMAGE.—REUTER.

FLOOD AND 'QUAKE HAVOC

Heavy Casualties In Chumbi Valley

SIMLA, July 15.

Information has been received here that on the night of July 10 an unprecedented flood accompanied by a slight earthquake shock occurred in the Chumbi Valley in southern Tibet.

Several houses in Yatung collapsed, and from later reports, it appears that some villages in the valley south of Yatung have been completely washed away. About two hundred persons have perished.

The telegraph line between Yatung and India has been washed away over a distance of six miles, and all bridges over the river Amu Chu have been demolished.

The Maharaja Kumar of Sikkim has left Gantok with a relief party and the medical officer attached to the British Trade Agency, Gyantse, is also proceeding to the site of the disaster.

WAZIR ALI'S CALL TO CRICKETERS

BHOPAL, July 15.

A suggestion to the Indian Cricket Control Board and the Ceylon Cricket Association to contribute to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund all net profits realised from the proposed Ceylonese tour in India this Winter, is made by Captain Wazir Ali, the Indian Test Cricketer.

Captain Wazir Ali says that at this critical juncture in the history of the people who gave us cricket it is the sacred duty of the entire Indian sporting world, players and public alike, to render all possible support to Britain in the noble cause for which she is fighting the most ruthless and unsportsmanlike foe, civilisation has yet known.

After paying a tribute to the spontaneity with which the world's leading cricketers "Wally" Hammond and Don Bradman had given a correct lead to sportsmen by volunteering for active war service. Captain Wazir Ali says, "the proposed tour of the Ceylon Cricket team this Winter afford a great opportunity to the Indian sports world to give practical proof of their desire to help Britain and the Empire."—A. P.

LONDON, July 15.

An Admiralty Communique states that submarine "Shark" (Lt.-Commander P. N. Buckley) is considerably overdue, and must be presumed lost.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940

New York: July 15.

Previous closing	9.43
To-day's opening	9.41
Difference	-2
To-day's closing	9.45
Difference	+2

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August 1940 ..... Rs. 180
Broach April/May 1941 ..... Rs. 202

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool: July 15.

Previous closing	7.24
To-day's opening	7.24
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	7.26
Difference	+2

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 15.

New York cotton early declined under hedging and considerable liquidation but thereafter prices steadily recovered on trade and local buying with some foreign enquiry. The trading in October began at 9.41, i. e. 2 pts. lower than the last closing. Prices eased under lower overseas cables which induced liquidation and hedging, but thereafter the demand improved with October gradually advancing to 9.50.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.75/74) 9.73/73
October (9.44/44) 9.41/41
December (9.30/30) 9.29/29

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS.

London: July 15.

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£15 7/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES.

Dundee August (£34 3/4) £34
Lightning August (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (12 3/8d paid and buyers) 12 1/8d value.
Forward October December (11 5/8d paid and value) 11 1/2d paid and buyers

METALS.

Tin (£266 1/8 buyers; £266 3/8 sellers, Easier) £265 1/4 buyers; £265 3/4 sellers, Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: July 15.

Previous closing 3.71
To-day's opening 3.73

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: July 15.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: July 15.

Previous closing ..... 176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening ..... Not quoted
To-day's closing ..... Not quoted

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: July 15.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 43 1/8) Unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 1/4) dol 19 1/4
U S Steel Common (dol 51 3/4) dol 51 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: July 15.

The following cable was received from London:—

Little bear covering. Offerings very, small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London: July 15.

Spot (21 3/4d) 22 1/16d +5/16
Forward (21 1/2d) 21 3/4d +1/4

LONDON GOLD

London: July 15.

Gold Bars Fine per Ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: July 15.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1/6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8
London on Kobe (1-3 1/8 to 1-3 5/8) 1-3 1/8 to 1-3 5/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: July 15.

There was no trading during the night session.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Prices Improve On Strong Buying

CALCUTTA: July 15.

The Share Market opened strong and active alround. very substantial amount of business took place in Jutes, Govt. securities, Banks and Miscellaneous Industrials. Indian Coppers, Burma Corporations, Bengal Potteries, Titaghur Papers, Indian Irons and Steel Corporations were best features and improved satisfactorily on strong buying support.

The following are closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent Govt Paper 75/12; 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 88/8; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 99/4 s lots; 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 102/8; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 108/8 s odd lot; 5 per cent U P Bonds 1944 103/2 s lots.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 141; Reserve Bank Rs. 100.

Railways: Howrah Amta Rly 10; Sara Serajganj Rly 97.

Coals: Amalgamated 26/10 ex-div ct; Bengal Nagpur pref 141.

Jutes: Adamjee 23/12; Alliance pref 109; Anglo-India pref 150; Bally pref 139; Barnagore 109; Delta pref 125; Howrah (7 per cent Pref) 152; Hukumchand pref 80; Khardah pref 130; Kinnison pref 155.

Minings: Burma Corpn 5/2; Consolidated Tin 3; Indian Copper 2/1 ex-div.

Miscellaneous: Bengal Potteries 7/8 c div; Alkali and Chemical pref 127 s lots; Bengal Telephone pref 11/10; Burn and Co ord 312 ct; Indian Iron and Steel 27/2; Kumardhubi Eng Ord 3/12; Pref 82 ct; Steel Corpn ord 16; Pref 101; Balmer Lawrie 280 ex-div ct; B I Corpn ord 3/13; Pref 152 ct; Dunlop Rubber ord 27/4 s lots; 2nd Pref 105; Indian Cables 12/12; Mysore Paper 11/4; Orient Paper ord 7/8; Titaghur Paper ord 15/12 ex-div ex rights; 2nd Pref 107 ex-div; Midnapore Zemindary 78; Glenealy 90 cts ct; Assam Saws 2/9.

Tea Shares: Hasimara 38; Moheena pref 11/4; Okayti pref 132 s odd lot; Tezpore Ord 7.

Debentures: 3 1/4 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 92/4; 5 1/2 per cent 1939/49 Hukumchand Jute 3rd Mortgage Debs 101; 5 1/4 per cent Darjeeling Himalayan Rly 2nd Mortgage Debs 102; 5 per cent 1935/45 Samastipore Sugar Debs 102.—A. P.

TURKISH MUSLIM FAMILIES IN BOMBAY

Mahmoud Bey writes:—

Six Turkish Muslim families, consisting of 26 members, including women, men and children, have arrived Bombay from Kobe (Japan). The ship was booked for Port-Said, but going to Port-Said was cancelled and the ship arrived Bombay with all these Turkish Muslim families last Sunday afternoon. Few of them are staying in my house and office and the rest are staying in Sea View Hotel, Frere Road. They have to stay in Bombay till the steamer is available for them to depart from Bombay to Basra or Port-Said, and if the steamer is not available then the difficulties of these Turkish Muslims will be increased tremendously and so I request the Government to arrange for their departure as soon as possible and also to the Muslims of Bombay to help them as far as they can.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 15

F F Campbell and Company's American ss Pres Monroe of 6195 reg tons, Captain K M Graham arrived from Boston with rubber, tin, tea and general cargo.

Easter S N Company's Norwegian s s Odda of 470 reg tons, Captain J Hansen arrived from Cochin with general cargo.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Hakone Maru of 6307 reg tons, Captain Y Okuno arrived from Yokohama with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Melbourne Maru of 3220 reg tons, Captain S Egawa sailed for Karachi with raw cotton and general cargo.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Durban Maru of 4382 reg tons, Captain G Ohara sailed for Liverpool with general cargo.

EXPORTS

10 bundles lamb skins R Aminoff; 157 bundles lamb skins A W and Y G Zadeh; 57 cases fox skins A W and Y G Zadeh; 46 bundles wln carpets A W and Y G Zadeh; 128 bags cummin seed E Mavji and Co; 500 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha and Co; 40 bales raw wool Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 125 bales raw cotton The Patel Ctn Co Ltd; 250 bales raw cotton B Cursondas and Co; 125 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 2400 bags castorseeds bold K Devchand and Co Ltd; 200 bags soapstone powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 150 bags soapstone powder Ormerods (India) Ltd; 100 bales cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 68 bags gum E Mavji and Co; 1250 tons pig iron The Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 137 bags plantago husk D Abraham and Sons; 105 tons old iron scrap M G Abdulhusein and Co; 100 bales raw cotton Tulsidas Khimji; 36 bs raw wool F Janmahomed; 1370 bags castorseed The Cotton Agents Ltd; 19 bales wool raw H A Panju; 125 bales raw cotton The Bombay Co Ltd; 600 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 170 bales raw wool Vasanji and Co; 72 bales raw wool Vijaysingh and Co; 26 bales raw wool Bombay Co Ltd; 384 bales raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 133 bags plantago seeds D Abraham and Sons; 63 bales wool raw Charles Lister and Co; 125 bales raw cotton N Rajaram and Co; 100 bales art silk waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd.

IMPORTS

106 bundles cycle rims; 56 bags sofa springs; 133 pkgs paint; 160 cases blue; 182 single tubes; 999 bundles tubes; 100 bags muriate of ammonia; 25 cases biscuits; 26 coils copper tape; 267 drums caustic soda; 30 cases lead plates; 102 pkgs accumulators; 150 drums carbonate of ammonia; 40 drums formaldehyde 40 per cent; 80 drums tannic acid; 73 cases glazed tiles; 12000 s/bags soda ash; 80 bags carbonate of magnesia; 679 lse ingots solder; 41 cases window glass; 50 bags cochineal; 27 bales coarse paper; 22 trs waterproof paper; 140 cases cardboard; 34 bundles reed ribs; 50 cases iron boot protectors; 37 cases machinery; 71 cases ctn pce goods; 65 cases whisky; 80 cases beer; 500 lse empty stl cylinders; 40 cases sewing ctn thread on reels; 26 bales ctn fents and shorts; 260 bundles stl conduit tubes; 78 lse stl tyres; 100 kegs sulphate of copper.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: July 15.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: July 15.

The London Stock Exchange was quietly firm.

INDIAN LOANS

London: July 15.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/4) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/4) £99 1/4
New War Loan (£100) £100 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-6) 8-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-9) 32-0
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-4 1/2) 5-9
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-6) 48-3 ex-div.
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£31) £31
Dundee Rubber (25-1 1/2) 25-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (18-9) 18-9
Ford Motors (15-7 1/2) 15-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£34) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (84-4 1/2) 85-7½
P and O Def (14-9) 14-9
Distillers (54-9) 54-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-10 1/2) 26-10½
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-10 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-9) 12-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (37-6) 38-9

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (30-0) 30-0
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12
Associated Portland Cement (48-1 1/2) 47-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (55-7 1/2) 56-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-0) 20-0
Anglo India (32-6) 32-6
Burma Oil (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-6) 3-6
Shell Transport (33-1 1/2) 33-9
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28) £26 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£11) £11 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9) £9
London Transport 5 per cent (£113) £113
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £30 1/2

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD TOURNAMENT

Caltex And BEST Succeed In Opening Day

The Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament conducted by the Indian Football League at Parel, commenced on Saturday last. In the opening match, the Caltex overwhelmed the United Young Sports by six goals to two. The encounter was not so one sided as the result would indicate. The United Young had quite a fair share of the game. If their powers were a little more accurate in their shooting, they might have given the Oilmen a good run for their money.

KHATAU'S FIGHT GAMELY.

The Khatau Sports who met the B.E.S.T. next, also put up a decent fight. Their weakness lay in the shooting department as well. The Tramwaymen though won by three goals to nil, had to fight hard to keep their citadel intact. The Khatau forwards had quite a fair share of the exchanges. With a little more punch and direction in their shots, they might have left the field with a narrower defeat. The Tramway quintitte on the other hand, took it rather easy and felt satisfied with their crop of goals.

PATNA, July 15.

A resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League last evening "Fully endorses the view expressed by Mr. Jinnah in reply to the telegram of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and expresses its complete agreement with the same."—A. P.

Football

Farcical Soccer

An Awkward Squad In Action

The Senior Division fixture in the Harwood League, between the Y.M.C.A. and the Bombay Gymkhana on Monday, was in keeping with the weather condition above—dull. An awkward squad, the Gymkhana, did a pile of funny things, seen more on a junior school football ground, than in a First Division League contest. This sort of thing had the Y.M.C.A., a good side, at sixes and sevens and they never could settle down. They, however, scraped home with full points, scoring the only goal of the match in the twenty-second minute of the first half, through Butchi, their left inner.

The redeeming feature of the game was the goalkeeping Edden, in the Gymkhana goal. He certainly saved his side from a route. Time and again he was spectacular in his work and added luxture to his previous good reputation. One other player on the Gymkhana side needs mention, this is Preston. He played at right back and did yeoman service in taking care ably of that dangerous pair of forwards Butchi and Balan. Preston might not have been so successful had Butchi not oft shown distinct timidity to get past this heavy back.

As already mentioned the Y.M.C.A. felt it impossible to contend with the soccer served up by their opponents and appeared a disorganised team throughout. Thomson, at left back showed up well, and he adapted himself best to the conditions prevailing. Centre-half Thomson also gave a good account of himself. Butchi and Balan as usual, were the pick of the forward line. Though the big backs they came against seemed to subdue their otherwise sparkling football. Critics all wonder when the Y.M.C.A. propose dropping Murthi, the weak link in Y.M.C.A. line of attack.

A description of the full game is best left untold. The Gymkhana tried hard to play football. Their opponent found it very difficult to fit science against pluster and bluster.

The teams were:—

Y.M.C.A.:—Lynn, Almeida and Thomson; Sha, Thomson and Jayaram; Salim, Murthi, Balan, Butchi and Jesudian.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Edden, Preston and Tait; U'ren, A. J. Williams and C. L. G. Williams; Landford, Love, Blackmore, Bolliger and Braund.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Cooperage—5-50 p.m.—A. A. Battery vs. South Kanara.

I. F. A. SHIELD

Poor Entries This Year

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 15.

The prospects of the I.F.A. Shield Tournament this year are poor. The main cause is that several prominent clubs in India, though anxious to compete, are unable to do so without financial assistance which the I.F.A. cannot grant, except perhaps to two or three leading clubs.

One of the Clubs that probably will receive help will be the Bangalore Muslims. The Delhi Football Association, it is said, may send a side without assistance. The Jamalpur Sports Association should not be troubled much by the financial aspect of the challenge, as they are a Railway side.

The following is a list of the clubs outside Calcutta likely to enter:—

Bun Behari D. A., Burdwan; Agra Sports Club; B. N. Railway, Kharagpur; Hital-i-Ahunar Club, Ludhiana; Chota Nagpur F. A., Ranchi; Ghauhati F. A., Gauhati; Jaipur Union Club; Victoria Sporting Club, Daca; N.-W. F. Province F. A.; Peshawar Cantonment Gymkhana, Young Mohammedans, Quetta; Habibjung Town Club, Vizagapatam; Sporting Union; Maharana A.C. of Gauhati; Kutigirdi I. Golden Sports Club, Cawnpore, and the Western India Football Association.

Racing

Secunderabad Meeting

Acceptances For Wednesday

SECUNDERABAD, July 15.

The following are acceptances for First Day of the Secunderabad Monsoon Meeting, to be held on July 17:—

NEW MARKET PLATE.

—About 1 Mile.

Bonheur 9/4, The Grove 8/13, Bunny Smith 8/9, Essex Star 7/13, Over Mills 7/3.

SHAH YAR JUNG MEMORIAL CUP.—About 6 Furlongs.

Black Magic 9/4, Whyna 9/3, Merry Pass 9/2, Irish Broadcast 8/6, Wangalla 8/6, School Quad 8/6, The Quack 8/2, Valleymount 8/0, Wet Night 8/0, Odorante 8/0.

HINGOLI PLATE.—About 5 Furlongs.

Wunderbar 9/4, Pratap 8/12, Fifty Fifty 8/10, Discard 8/5, Crown Prince 8/1, Barballini 8/1.

THE BERAR PLATE.—About 6 Furlongs.

Lookman 9/4, Moonstone 9/8, Shums 9/3, Mudrig 9/2, Musaid Al Khair 8/12, Night Hawk 8/9, Lovely One 8/9.

THE CALCUTTA PLATE.—About 7 Furlongs.

British Flag 9/4, Jalmud Al Iraq 8/8, Winning Spark 8/6, Dagastan 8/6, Maazan 8/4, Saglawifaleh 8/3, Golden Star 8/0, Abdal Al Mosul 7/13, Nutchdat Beg 7/10, Suba Al Zaman 7/7, Lancer 7/7, Kamil Pasha 7/0.

THE DESERT PLATE DIVN. I. About 5 Furlongs.

Double Height 9/4, Hassum Pasha 9/1, Al Muntasir 8/13, Tajleband 8/11, Sayid Beg 8/10, Murtah 8/6, Jabbar 8/6, Rafat Beg 8/6, Zoolfakar 8/3, Zafar Pasha 7/10.

THE DESERT PLATE DIVN. II. —About 5 Furlongs.

Minister 9/4, Mahrus Al Iraq 9/2, Winning Chance 8/11, Good Luck 8/4, Samavir 8/2, Prescot 7/10, Muzaham Pasha 7/9, Jehangir 7/5, Maisara 9/0.—A. P.

BANGALORE INDIANS BEATEN

BANGALORE, July 15.

Two casualties, sustained by the Bangalore Indians, during extra time in the final of the Maharaja's Cup Hockey Tournament last evening, changed the complexion of the game in favour of Sappers and Miners who won by three goals to two, the decider coming in extra time.

The game was fast and exciting from the start and the result hung in the balance to the last both teams at the end of the alotted time having scored two goals each extra time was given and a decision arrived at the Sappers and Miners running out winners.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE

Two matches in the Championship Round of the Bengal Club Cup League were played off at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel, on Sunday. In the first match, Bengal Club defeated Matunga Athletic by the odd goal in five after a keen contest. In the second, the Y.M.C.A. disposed of the Young Goans by the substantial margin of four goals to one.

BANGALIS' CREDIT [illegible]

Matunga commenced their operations in a splendid fashion. Before the game was many minutes old, they secured a lead of two goals, the second through a penalty. Thereafter the Bengalis got going and made repeated attacks on the Matunga goal. Towards the end of the initial period, Dutta reduced the lead by one. On crossing over, N. Sen levelled up matters for the Bengal Club. A keen struggle for mastery followed, the Bengalis emerging victorious by the odd goal scored by Sreepati in the last minute. It was a very creditable win indeed.

The Y.M.C.A. experienced no difficulty in disposing of the Young Goans, the margin which separated the two teams at the end of the day was three goals. Each side had a penalty goal to its credit. The Young Men have now improved considerably. If they can manage to beat the Bombay Muslims next Sunday, which is not altogether beyond their power, they have every chance of gaining the second place in the League. The Muslims are however not likely to surrender their claim without a big fight.

Latest Positions

The following are the latest positions of the teams in the Championship Round of the Bengal Club League:—

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals. F.	A.	P.
W.I.A.A. Staff	4	4	0	0	15	4	8
B'bay Muslims	3	2	0	1	9	3	5
Bengal Club	5	2	2	1	6	12	5
Y.M.C.A.	3	1	1	1	7	5	3
Young Goans	4	0	3	1	2	5	1
Matunga Athletic	3	0	3	0	3	12	0

'Lighthouse II' For India

Lord Derby, it is reported, is selling his famous 3-year-old, Lighthouse II, to a well known Indian patron of the Turf.

This brilliant animal is considered by expert racing critics as the finest horse in England this season. Lighthouse II bettered Pont L'Eveque, this year's Derby winner, by five lengths in the Newmarket Stakes (1-1/4 miles.) When a two-year-old, Lighthouse II beat Djebel in France. It will be recalled the facili winner Lighthouse II was in the 2,000 Guineas recently.

Calcutta League Ends

CALCUTTA, July 15.

The 1939-40 Calcutta Football League season came to a close to-day when four matches were played. The results were as follows:—

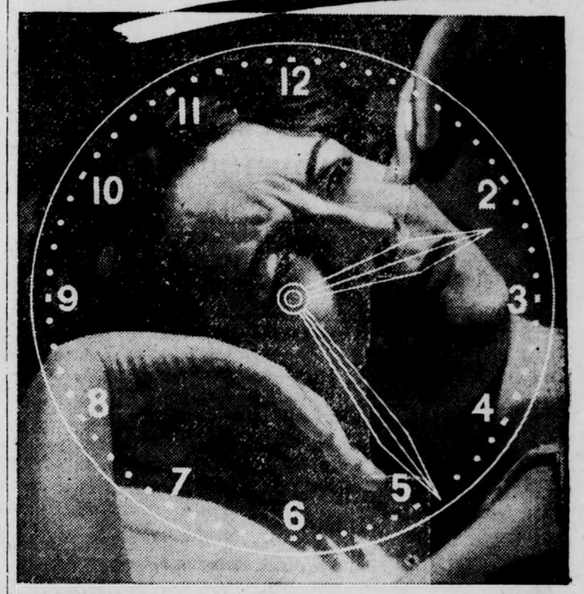
Mohammedan Sport 3; East Bengal 0.

Mohan Bangan 2; Sporting Union 1.

Police 4; Customs 2.

Aryans 1; Kalighat 1.—A. P.

Insomnia



GENASPRIN

The SAFE Brand of Aspirin

soothes QUICKLY—time it!

'Genasprin' soothes your jangled nerves and quietens your racing brain. Take two tablets just before you go to bed and see how quickly you drop off into a deep refreshing sleep. 'Genasprin' acts quickly because of its absolute purity and complete split-second disintegration. Doctors all over the world recommend it because it cannot upset your stomach or harm your heart. Buy some 'Genasprin' to-day and be absolutely sure of a good night's sleep to-night.

Sold in tubes of 10 tablets and bottles of 35 tablets by all chemists and bazar dealers. Not touched by hand during manufacture or packing.

At EVERY time of strain or pain **'GENASPRIN'** *sees you through*

It gives instant relief from **HEADACHE, NERVE-PAIN, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, NEURITIS** and **RHEUMATISM.** It soothes **FLUTTERING NERVES** and calms **HYSTERIA.** It checks **COLDS** and promptly controls **DENGUE** and other fevers. 'Genasprin' should always be used to fight attacks of **MALARIA.**

Trade enquiries to:—MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Mercantile Buildings, Lall Bazar, Calcutta; Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay; or any Branches.

The word 'Genasprin' is the registered trade mark of Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, England.

FOOD DECAY can make your cooking utensils A DANGER!

If pots and pans are cleaned with ash or sand the surfaces become badly scratched. Tiny specks of food will remain in these scratches. **DECAY** quickly sets in and taints all the food, endangering the health of your family.

Don't run such unnecessary risks. Use Vim for all your scouring, for Vim is specially made to get rid of every scrap of food, and gives your cooking utensils a bright, shiny appearance you'll be really proud of. What's more, you can safely use Vim for cleaning woodwork, painted work, wash-basins, baths, tiles etc.—for Vim cleans so smoothly and is completely harmless.

VIM

KEEPS POTS AND PANS HEALTHY

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MUTT AND JEFF—Perhaps Now Mutt Will Let Cicero Do His Own Homework By BUD FISHER

YEH, I'M FRANKIE'S FATHER-WHY?
WELL, SIR, I WORK VERY HARD ON MY BOY'S LESSONS AT NIGHT AND YOUR KID COPIES EVERY ONE OF HIS PROBLEMS!
SO WHAT?
OH, I PERSONALLY DON'T OBJECT TO THAT, BUT---
FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE, MAKE YOUR KID QUIT HITTING MY BOY EVERY TIME MY ANSWERS ARE WRONG!
SO!--SEE THAT YOU GET 'EM RIGHT, STUPID! I AIN'T HAVIN' MY BOY FLUNK IN HIS WORK!
Fisher

ON THE AIR

TUESDAY, JULY 16

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Karim Khan. 5-20 B. S Thakur. 5-30 Ghulam Fareed. 5-50 A violin recital. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Geet Aur Bhajan. 7 Rafta-

Comfortable Shaving!

No more sore chins after you begin using Tata Shaving Stick. It makes a thick, rich lather which softens the hair and soothes the skin. The Bakelite base prevents waste, makes the Stick last longer. Try it!

Tata
SHAVING STICK
TOMCO SALES DEPT.
P.O. Box 528, Bombay.

KEEPS YOU FRESH

Wrigley's gum is a wonderful refresher and helps you overcome that tired feeling. Gently soothes the nerves. Keeps the mouth clean. Tones the throat. Sweetens the breath. By causing the saliva to flow freely it aids digestion. Never be without a supply. Two popular flavours, P.K. and SPEARMINT. PTG

WRIGLEY'S

Contains No Animal Fat.

1-Zamana. 7-15 Radha Bai. 7-30 Hanuman Prasad. 7-45 The Navy in Action, 1. 8 Duets. 8-15 For villagers only. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 It has happened. 10-5 Khayal, Thumri Aur Ghazal 10-30 Persian music. 10-45 News in Persian. 11 Persian music.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Amritlal. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 A sarangi recital. 8-20 Panditrao Nagarker. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Latafat Husain. 9-15 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-25 Pratah-Sandesh. 12-30 p.m. A musical Potpourri. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ramante Tatra Devatah 1-10 Sazon ki Jhankar. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 World history. 4-35 Selected Indian ragas. 4-45 Sports. 5 Amateur attempts. 5-15 The Air Trio. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Songs from Holi. 5-45 Budhan Bai. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Master Ratnakant. 6-25 Pannalal Ghosh. 6-40 Panditrao Nagarkar. 7 A topical talk. 7-15 Listeners' letters. 7-30 Budhan Bai. 7-45 Malhar on the sarod. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Battle, 4. 8-50 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Chamber music.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 For the children. 6-20 News in Bengali. 6-25 News in English. 6-30. For the children. 6-45 Cocktail time. 7-30 Hemanta Kumar Mukerjee. 7-45 Background to the news. 8 Insaf. 8-40 Announcements in English. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Nilima Banerjee. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Anima Mukerjee. 10-20 Instrumental duet.

PALITANA.—Three committees, namely, War Committee, Civil Guards Committee and Committee for War Fund and dissemination of information in connection with war, have been appointed by the Palitana Government.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-50	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(*Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20?7	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train

Use LALIMLI PURE WOOL HOSIERY, FABRICS & YARNS!

TRADE MARK

THE CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS
(BRANCH OF THE BRITISH INDIA CORPORATION LTD)
CAWNPORE.U.P.

The CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: ESPLANADE Rd FORT, BOMBAY.

130, BRANCHES AND PAY-OFFICES THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Authorised Capital	...	Rs. 3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	...	Rs. 3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital	...	Rs. 1,68,13,200
Reserve & Other Funds	...	Rs. 1,12,37,000
Deposits as at 31-12-39	...	Rs. 29,86,82,000

DIRECTORS.

Sir H. P. Mody, K.B.E., CHAIRMAN. The Rt. Hon'ble Nawab Sir Akbar Hydari Kt., P.C., Ardeshir B. Dubash, Esquire. Haridas Madhavdas, Esquire, Dinshaw D. Romer, Esquire, Vithaldas Kanji, Esquire, Noormahomed M. Chinoy, Esquire, Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esquire, Dharamsey Muiraj Khatau, Esquire. Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Kt.

LONDON AGENTS:—Messrs. Barclay's Bank Limited and Messrs. Midland Bank, Limited.

NEW YORK AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

PARIS AGENTS:—The Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Banking Business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Manager.

(Established—December, 1911)

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 15

The steady tone in Steel shares, which was noted yesterday, continued to-day also. Opening at 1795 Tata Deferreds steadily advanced to 1840, and after a slight recession in mid-session, again forged ahead to 1865. The Ordinaries opened at 348 and after touching 353, eased down to 349, finally firming up to 358.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1785), 1795 1840 1832-8 1865 Tata Ordinaries (346) 348 353 349 354-8 358 Tata Ordinary 358; Tata Deferred 1865; Indian Iron 27/4; Bombay Dyeing 920; Century 260; Central India 257/8; Kohinoor 356/14; Associated Cement 114/4; Bombay Burma 540; Scindia Steam 19/8; Tata Hydro 160; Reserve Bank 100; Imperial Bank F P 1450; Central Bank 34/8; Bank of India 132/8; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 88/12

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, July 12

During the week under review, the local wheat market remained very steady and recorded a gain of over -/3/9 per maund. The upward tendency was evinced right up from the start. Last Friday was a holiday but the market on Saturday opened about 6 pies higher at 2/14. This was due to the news that the port of Bombay has again been opened for commercial traffic. This news led to an appreciable improvement in Karachi and the Punjab market and they in turn had their repurcussions on other markets. Besides there have been no rains so far here which are badly needed and this is by far the most important factor which is and is likely to sustain prices and push them up. As pointed out in earlier reports, the stock at the ports is alarmingly short. At Karachi, it is reported the present stock is not more than 3 3/4 lakh bags as compared with 15 lakh bags at the corresponding period last year; the present stock in fact being smallest for the last many years. The latest developments in the Mediterranean and on the continent give out hopes of Indian wheat exports, if not now at some future date. These are the factors that have helped in the price recovery after a severe reaction of the last month.

On Saturday the market had opened at 2/14 for bhadon and later improved to 2/14/10 1/2. But for slight and short lived movements this level was maintained by Thursday morning by which time prices moved between 2/14/3 and 2/14/10 1/2. Towards close on Tuesday it improved to 1/15/4 and continued rising till it touched 3/0/6 on Wednesday. This was followed by a small reaction on profit-taking but the upward tendency again gained momentum and highest on Thursday touched 3/1/5 1/4. At higher levels some liquidation appeared and bhadon presently is quoted at 3/0/6.

Arrivals have been reduced to an average of 500 maunds daily and the present stock is put at 753 khattis. Speculative activity was on a huge scale, while ready demand was moderate.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 15.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 94-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-6
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 95-8
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 89
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 102-6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100
4 1/2 per cent 1955/69 Loan 106-8
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-9
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 87

TAX FREE LOANS

3 per cent 1945-55 Loan 109
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 100
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 99-8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 115
6 per cent K P T 1953 115

Tone: Steady to firm.

COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, July 15

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		148	145	142	139
M G Punjab		148	145	142	139
M G Rajputana		155	152	149	146
M G Oomra No. 3	176	174	171	168	
M G C P No. 1	188	186	183	180	
M G C P No. 2	181	179	176	173	
M G Broach No. 2		184	182	180	177
M G Punjab American		215	213	211	208
M G Surat		238	236	234	231
M G Rajpipla		232	230	228	225
M G Navsari		243	241	239	236

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 15

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales 13-7-40	This year	Since 1st Sept Last year
Khandesh	55,579	38,689
Central India	109,361	224,268
Barsi and Nagar	114,118	92,430
Hyderabad/Gaorani	47,970	4,474
Berar	318,501	162,400
Central Provinces	76,962	38,096
Total Oomras	722,491	560,357
Dholeras	89,297	276,665
N W Provinces	26,048	8,721
Rajputana	35,228	75,181
Sind-Punjab 914	364,063	327,234
Broach 516	407,930	414,469
Coompta and Dharwar	49,577	145,817
Westerns-Northerns	34,928	93,875
Cocoanada	86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,390	2,637
Total	1,430 1,731,058	1,905,054
Arrived by road to 27th July 1940	339,387	

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 15

	To-day	Total
Broach	3250	22650
Bengal	nil	7150
Oomra	nil	4450

Weather Report

POONA: July 15.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	86	76	0.2	35.7	+4.4
Calcutta	90	79	0.1	15.1	—2.9
Cuttack	87	79	T	27.3	+11.8
Ranchi	84	72	2.1	16.7	—0.4
Patna	94	82	0.0	5.5	—8.4
Gorakhpur	97	82	0.0	7.2	—6.2
Benares	97	83	0.0	7.5	—2.5
Lucknow	103	80	0.4	2.8	—6.9
Jhansi	89	80	0.0	6.3	—4.0
Agra	100	81	0.0	1.9	—5.2
Bareilly	88	80	0.4	9.5	—2.2
Dehra Dun	89	63	0.3	21.6	+0.8
Delhi	99	83	0.0	0.8	—6.4
Ambala	96	79	2.1	8.0	+0.5
Lahore	98	83	0.0	4.1	—0.2
Sialkot	95	77	0.0	7.5	+1.1
Rawalpindi	...	71	0.0	8.6	+3.3
Lyallpur	103	86	0.0	0.5	—2.2
Multan	108	91	0.0	0.0	—1.4
Srinagar	87	62	0.0	3.5	+1.0
Peshawar	101	81	0.1	0.9	.....
Dehra I. Khan	104	85	0.0	0.2	—1.5
Ft. Sandeman	102	78	0.0	2.8	+1.2
Quetta	96	68	0.0	0.3	.....
Rangoon	84	75	0.9	35.4	+7.5
Khandwa	79	75	0.0	17.6	—8.1
Jubbulpore	83	72	0.7	15.1	—0.3
Nagpur	88	75	0.1	35.3	+19.4
BOMBAY	83	77	0.7	33.4	+1.0
Ratnagiri	85	74	4.1	36.9	—9.0
Ahmednagar	80	72	T	11.1	+4.5
Poona	79	71	0.4	6.8	—1.2
Sholapur	92	73	0.0	3.0	—3.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	93	75	0.0	5.1	—2.5
Bangalore	80	67	0.0	4.7	—0.3
Mysore	76	68	0.1	7.1	+2.7
Calicut	76	72	3.1	55.1	+5.8
Madras	99	81	0.0	3.1	0.6
Shillong	77	65	0.1	15.3	—9.5
Simla	75	59	0.2	13.8	—1.6
Pachmarhi	72	68	0.8	40.9	+20.8
Kodaikanal	58	53	0.1	6.2	—0.5
Colombo	85	75	0.1	9.8	—1.1
Jacobabad	106	86	0.0	0.1	—0.5
Hyderabad (Sd.)	99	83	0.0	0.7	—1.1
Karachi	90	81	0.0	0.4	—1.8
Jaipur	90	77	0.1	4.4	—1.9
Ajmer	92	82	0.0	2.5	—3.2
Deesa	90	79	0.0	4.3	—1.7
Rajkot	83	77	0.5	5.5	—4.3
Ahmedabad	91	78	T	3.8	—5.7
Bhopal	82	73	0.3	20.9	.....
Akola	87	74	0.2	13.2	+3.5
Amraoti	85	73	0.0	22.0	+12.0
Indore	82	72	0.1	17.6	+6.6
Marmagoa	84	75	1.1	33.8	.....
Malegaon	85	72	0.1	6.1	—0.6
Mussoorie	69	60	0.3	20.0	+5.2
Mahableshwar	65	63	6.0	76.4	—11.5
Baroda	85	77	0.1	6.7	.....
Bahawalpur	106	88	0.0	0.3	—1.1
Belgaum	75	69	1.0	19.2	+3.8
Murree	76	58	0.9	13.0	+3.9
Cherrapunji	69	65	2.3	105.5	—47.3
Bijapur	86	75	0.1	3.3	—11
Dalhousies	76	63	0.0	9.4	—7.8
Mount Abu	77	67	T	3.4	—10.8
Ootacamund	58	51	0.2	13.1	+2.9
Jodhpur	98	83	0.0	0.6	—2.4
Gwalior	92	81	0.0	0.0	.....

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A.P.

MONSOON TO STRENGTHEN IN EAST CENTRAL INDIA

POONA, July 15

Monsoon has been strong in Konkan, Malabar and active in Central India, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan. Local rain also occurred in Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, West United Provinces, Berar, West Central Provinces, East and North Punjab, East Rajputana, North Hyderabad and Mysore.

Heavy rainfall warning: Locally heavy rain will occur in East Central India, Northern districts of Central Provinces during the next 36 hours.—A. P.

RATNAGIRI GETS 5 INCHES OF RAIN

RATNAGIRI: July 15.

Incessant showers day and night yesterday recording five inches of rain, have averted a calamity with which farmers in Konkan were faced and transplanting operations are in full swing. The rains continue.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-7-40.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.058 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.1 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.7 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 83.4 degrees 2.2 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.0 degrees 0.3 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 19 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 244 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 48 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.66 inches

Total rainfall during the month 3.41 inches

Total rainfall during the year 34.78 inches

Weather remarks: Rain

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 5740 miles away with its epicentre near latitude 50deg. North and longitude 177deg. East in the neighbourhood of Alentian Islands was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 11h. 35 mts. I.S.T. on Sunday, the 14th July, 1940.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 15-7-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.69 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

'QUAKE SHOCKS RECORDED AT COLABA

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 5,740 miles away with its epicentre near lattitude 50 degrees north and longitude 177 degrees east in the neighbourhood of alention islands was recorded by the Seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 11 hours 35 minutes I.S.T. on Sunday 14th July, 1940.—A.P.

Shopkeeper Kidnapped

BANNU, July 15.

Khanchand, a shopkeeper of a village ten miles from Bannu city, was kidnapped to-day at 9 a.m. by a gang of tribal raiders.

One British other rank, coming from Razmak to Bannu on Saturday in a military lorry, was fired upon near Mirali by one Wazir, identified to be of Machi Khel-lan of Borakhel tribe. He succumbed to his injuries to-day. The culprit later on was taken into custody.—A. P.

New York Market Quiet

ROUTINE TRADING WITH SMALL ORDERS

Hitch Over Loan Level

Bombay, July 15

On Saturday, the New York Cotton market was quiet with routine trading

Some hitch is reported over loan level and the Agricultural Adjustment and the Commercial Credit Corporation hold different views. Thus the announcement is likely to be delayed for some time.

The market was easily influenced by small orders but the session was quiet owing to Democratic Convention and loan uncertainties.

The market opened quiet and remained idle with routine business. There was trade price fixing which met Spot house selling of October and small hedging.

At the opening July was 4 points up at 9.74 and improved to 9.75 which was the highest level. Later on there was some selling and July declined to 9.71 which was the lowest level. The market again steadied and the market closed at a rise of 4 points to 2 points down. Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 10.48c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with a restricted business and closed at a rise of 8 points to a decline of 4 points. Spot cotton prices remained unchanged at 10.50c. per lb.

WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices declined early on general selling and spot house liquidation of old July but later rallied on trade covering and speculative buying influenced by unfavourable weather. New York Bombay spreads have narrowed considerably but with straddle interest small, little activity developed.

The Government's acreage report was about as expected. The absence of the announcement of export subsidy for cotton itself for the coming season is attributed to European and Far Eastern uncertainties. Enquiries from Washington have created the impression that neither the Commodity Credit Corporation nor the United States Department of Agriculture has reached a decision regarding New Crop loan

Cotton goods were very dull. Meanwhile despite poor export prospects, outlook largely depends upon the weather.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (10 a.m.) ..... 9.75+05

New York July lowest (11-56 p.m.) ..... 9.71+01

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Easiness July chief feature. Reported AAA CCC difference opinion loan level. No immediate announcement expected. Messrs. Anderson Clayton selling Octobers. Expect trading range present.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from the New York Cotton Exchange Service:

We estimate domestic consumption of all cotton in June at 575,000 bales; the average consumption per working day during June was 28,800 bales.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 15

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 15th January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 15th January

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 15th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Banks buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Banks selling T T 87 3/4 nominal

Banks buying T T 82 3/4 nominal

Banks buying 60 days 82 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 15th inst.

Shanghai London 0/4 1/8 15th inst.

New York London 3.71 13th inst.

London Java 7.58/62 13th inst.

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 13th inst.

London Switzerland 17.75/85 13th inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 13th inst.

London Japan 1/3 5/8 13th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold £8/8/0 12th inst.

Gold £8-8-0 13th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 3/4 12th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 3/4 13th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 1/2 12th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 1/2 13th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 12th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 13th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 12th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 13th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 12th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 13th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 13

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr For Pow 7 aper cent Pfd	16
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debentures	50
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43 3/8
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 5/8
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	3 1/4
Columbia Gas and Electric	6 1/4
American Tel and Te!	159 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	17 5/8
New York Central R R	11 5/8
Great Northern Pfd	22 3/8
Union Pacific	82
Chesapeke and Ohio	36 7/8
Australia 5 per cent 1955	45 1/2
Int Tel and Tel 1952	26
N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent	22 3/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	29
United States Steel	51 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	57 3/8
Crucible Steel	29 7/8
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 1/2
Republic Steel	16 3/4
U. S. Smelting	50
Int Nickel of Canada	23 7/8
Anaconda Copper	19 1/8
Chrysler Motors	64
General Motors	43 1/8
Socony	8 5/8
Consolidated aOil	6 1/4
St. Oil of N. J.	34 3/4
Standard Brands	6 1/8
Texas Corporation	38 1/8
National City Bank of N. Y.	24 1/2

Turnover 120,000 shares.

WHEAT & LINSEED.

Bombay, July 15

Wheat September	Rs. 3 15 0
Wheat January	4 3 0
Wheat May	4 4 3
Linseed September	5 7 0
Linseed May	6 0 9

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 13-7-40	7716000	3942000
Receipts yesterday 13-7-40	2000	5000
Export to date 13-7-40	6344000	3496000
Stock at Ports 12-7-40	2526000	1923000
Stock at Interior Towns 12-7-40	2030000	2460000
Stock at Liverpool 12-7-40	.....	690000
Visible Supply 12-7-40	.....	4857000
Quantity in sight 12-7-40	13737000	9441000
Quantity out of sight 12-7-40	.....	10219000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 15

Bengal Fine	140-42
C. P. 1	175-78
C. P. ½	169-71
Berar	168-70
Khandesh	163-65
Jalna/Sailu	164-66
Ahmednagar	161-64
Broach	173-77

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 15

After a five days impressive upward move the local market developed reactionary tendency on reports of rains in part of Gujarat. There was scattered profit-taking but the undertone of the market was good and it appears that there was more disposition to buy on declines than to sell on strong markets.

It is true that some professional operators are selling on strong markets but there are others who are supporting the market. It is now realised that daily arrivals have fallen off considerably and the recent improvement was overdue as local prices were unduly depressed to low levels. Thus the improvement is nothing beyond readjustment and cannot be taken as any real rise in prices. Thus the outlook is encouraging and with prospects of war risk insurance, indications are in favour of higher prices in the long run.

In sympathy with a decline of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 201/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 198/8 on realising. At the decline there was scattered realising and prices improved to Rs. 200/8.

The market ruled quietly steady with a limited turnover. It being "Ashadi Ekadashi", the market closed at 3 p.m. as under:

F G M G BROACH—

July/August ..... Rs. 179 8 0

April/May 201 4 0

FINE M G OOMRA:—

July 168 12 0

December/January 177 12 0

F G M G BENGAL:—

July 139 4 0

December/January 145 12 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 350 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 221 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach J/A below New York July 296 cent points at exchange 331

Broach A/M below New York May 124 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 13

Broach J/A highest 182 lowest 178 closing 181 1/2

Broach A/M highest 205 1/2 lowest 201 1/2 closing 204 1/2

Oomra July highest 173 lowest 169 1/2 closing 172

Oomra D/J highest 181 1/2 lowest 178 3/4 closing 180 3/4

Bengal July highest 141 lowest 138 1/2 closing 140 3/4

Bengal D/J highest 149 lowest 146 1/2 closing 148 1/4

GOUNDNUTS MARKET CLOSED

Bombay, July 15

The local castorseeds and groundnuts market remained closed to-day on account of "Ashadi Ekadashi."

BULLION MARET CLOSED

Bombay, July 15

The local bullion market remained entirely closed to-day being "Ashadi Ekadashi."

Bombay Cotton Statistics

Receipts from 1st Sept 1939 to 11th July 1940 (by rail and sea) 1,727,605

Receipts from 1st Sept 1939 to 11th July 1940 (by road —estimated) 339,387

2,066,992

Same time last year 2,643,512

Exports from 1st Sept 1939 to 13th July 1940

	1939-40	1938-39
United Kingdom	—	73,096
Continent	—	225,847
China	—	381,305
Japan	—	787,849
Coast Ports	—	32,379
U. S. A.	—	426
		1,500,902

Figures of exports, stocks and mill consumption and also of imports of foreign cotton into Bombay are not available.

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from upcountry from 1st Sept. 1939 to 4th July 1940 1,429,638

Same time last year 1,721,711

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 15

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

Shipment September Rs. 8-12-0 F B H

Indian sugars ready:

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-8-0 to 17-11-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 17-11-0 to 18-6-0

Tone: Steady.

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, July 15

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd).

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy ..... Rs. 81 0 0

Pepper Bhadarwa Snd 15 per candy 83 0 0

Pepper Maha Snd 12 per candy ... 86 0 0

Ginger ready bleached per cwt 16 0 0

Ginger Maha Snd 15 per cwt 13 8 0

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Rise In Steel Shares

Bombay, July 15

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled strong with a broad investment buying and Tata Steel Defd shares registered a sharp rise of about Rs. 100 and cash price was over the forward carryover quotation.

There was no special new development but the market confidence is fully regained. Cotton prices have recovered sharply and better sentiment prevails in all markets.

Thus the Stock Exchange Authorities can boldly say that their action in closing down forward business and fixing minimum prices saved the market from a crisis and no harm is done to either parties. It is a known fact that business in forward section is mostly of a speculative nature and when repeated attacks are threatened, it becomes the duty of the governing body not to allow undue to advantage to either party.

On Saturday, the Wall Street market was quietly steady and operators were watching domestic and foreign political developments. U. S. Steel shares closed unchanged at 51 1/4 and 19 1/8 dollars.

It will be noticed that Tata Steel shares were very steady owing to utter absence of sellers and when handsome dividends are declared, holders of actual scrips will not part with them. This state resulted in a smart rise in Tata shares while other shares ruled steady in sympathy. Cotton Mill shares were very steady. Government securities were also fairly firm.

If the present steadiness in share bazar is sustained, it will not be out of place to expect a move to re-open forward trading and the Government may be approached to obtain the required sanction.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 15.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	265 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	920 0
100	Century	270 0
100	Central India	258 8
100	Colaba	134 0
100	Cooria	116 4
250	David	345 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 6 3
100	Finlay	130 0
100	Gokak	183 0
1000	Hindustan	1920 0
100	Indore	57 0
100	Khatau	120 0
100	Kohinoor	355 0
250	Laxmi	475 0
100	Morarji	175 0
50	Model	58 0
50	Mysore	102 0
200	New Great	315 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 8
100	Phoenix	263 0
25	Sassoon Silk	75 0
1000	Sholapur	2350 0
100	Swadeshi	224 0
100	Swan	147 0
50	Vishnu	1145 0
1000	Western	960 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	92 8
250	Central	34 10
500	Imperial	1460 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, July 15

Bombay Dyeing (912/8) 918 920

Century (261) 265 270

Central India (257) 258 256 259 258/8

Kohinoor (349) 352 356

New Great (311) 315

Simplex (90) 90

Swadeshi (224)

Associated Cement (113/4) 114 113/8 114/12 114/8

Tata Power (1300) 1300 1306

T Steel Defd (1762/8) 1805 1800 1815 1830 1855 1865 1855 1840 1835 1685 1870 1880

T Steel Ord (339) 347 348 349 350 349 350 351 350 349 351 353 352 355 360 358

Bellapur (207) 204 206

B Burma (530) 532/8 535 540 536/4 542/8

125-500	Imp. Cmrys	350 0
50-100	India	132 8
100	Reserve Bank	100 8
5	Union	5 6
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated	113 8
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	610 0
15-100	Jupiter	11 4
20	Mercantile	52 8
15-75	New India	38 8
200	Oriental

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1940

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired, Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails. Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

Congress Will Carry On Anti-Drink Campaign And May Launch Direct Action

AND WILL SET UP ITS OWN PROHIBITION BOARD

Government's Apathy, In Rejecting Offer Of Co-operation To Find Formula, Deplored

A decision to appoint, without delay, a separate Prohibition Board in Bombay, entrusted with the work of conducting effective anti-drink campaign in the prohibited areas of Bombay and Ahmedabad and to save, at all cost, the good work done by the Congress Ministry has been taken by the Congress.

THE BOARD WILL INCLUDE THE EX-MINISTERS IN THE CONGRESS CABINET AND OTHER MEMBERS WHO HAVE TENDERED RESIGNATION FROM THE OFFICIAL PROHIBITION BOARD, AS ALSO REPRESENTATIVES FROM AHMEDABAD.

The Board, which will be brought into existence in the course of the week, will be prepared to undertake the responsibility of launching direct action in the name of Prohibition, if such a course of action is advised by the Congress Working Committee.

GOVT.'S APATHY DEPLORED

Congress circles feel that the Bombay Government's communique regarding Prohibition makes it absolutely clear that the Government is not at all in earnest regarding the execution of the programme undertaken by the popular Ministry. Congressmen are pained to find that while it was possible for Government to issue a proper and effective notification within the four corners of the findings of the High Court and save Prohibition, the Government took a completely apathetic attitude towards a policy sponsored by the Congress Ministry and sanctioned by the legislature.

CONGRESS OFFER IGNORED

The greatest surprise is expressed by Congressmen that the Government has completely ignored the offer made on behalf of the Congress Legislature Party of wholehearted co-operation in the matter of finding a formula for meeting the legal difficulties arising out of the findings of the Bombay High Court and saving Prohibition.

The intention of the Government to devote any additional revenue from the changes now brought into effect by Government, to the relief of taxation under the Property Tax, is regarded in Congress circles as an arbitrary attempt to set aside or nullify the sanction of the Legislature to such a levy. The amount of a crore and twenty lakhs voted by the Legislature for the upkeep of Prohibition should have been regarded by Government as a sacred trust in the hands of the successors of the popular ministry.

The Congress Legislature Party is awaiting directions from the Congress High Command as to the future course of action.

KHER TO ISSUE STATEMENT

Questioned by a "Chronicle" representative, Mr. B. G. Kher, the ex-Premier, said that he expected to issue a considered statement on behalf of the Legislature Party regarding the position created by the Government's recent decisions. The Party meeting would be convened after receiving instructions from the Congress Working Committee and after consulting the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. He could not say exactly as to when the meeting would be convened.

A. R. P. Lighting Restrictions

How To Cover Interior Lights

The Government of Bombay are now enforcing the following restrictions in the case of the interior lighting of buildings:—

"No light shall be used in any building or part of a building or any premises appurtenant to such building or part unless it is so placed or is so screened by an opaque shade or by thick black or dark coloured material that no direct or reflected ray of light or glare emanating from it is visible from any angle outside the building."

The rules affecting houses do not mean that every door and window must be covered with an opaque screen or blind. If a diffused light of no great intensity can be seeen from outside, this will not be objectionable. All that is wanted is that an opaque screen or shade should be placed between each light and any door or window, and that diffused light in a room visible from outside should be reduced in intensity.

A.R.P TREATMENT FOR EXISTING LIGHTS.

Methods of dealing with existing lighting fittings, to ensure that they will comply with the Government order, are given in Sketches A1 and A2 and B1 and B2.

The type of shade shown in Sketches 'A1' and 'B1' allows the bulb to protrude below the shade and is therefore almost as bad as a bare bulb without any shade. A dark cloth or dark paper screen around the shade will prevent the direct rays of light falling outside the room, either through the upper or lower windows.

Paint, dark cloth, paper or cardboard can be used successfully for other types of fitting also, as shown in Sketches C1, C2, and C3.

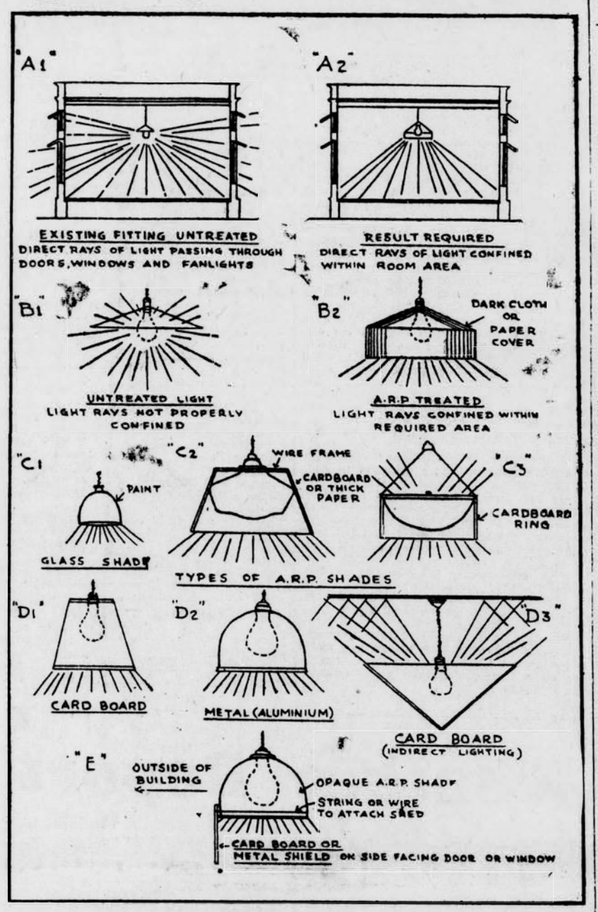
SPECIAL A.R.P. SHADES

Special types of A. R. P. shades have been designed but they must in each case be considered in relation to the actual situations in which they are to be used. Provided the rays of light are confined by these shades within the area shown in Sketch A2, they will satisfactorily comply with the Government order. A selection of these shades are shown in Sketches D1, D2, and D3.

Shades made of highly inflammable material, such as celluloid, should not be used.

EXTRA SHIELDS FOR SPECIAL POSITIONS

Where a light is fixed so close to a window or door that none of the methods so far shown will prevent rays of light from escaping through the opening, a special screen should be fitted on the side near the opening, as in Sketch E.



LEAGUERS BEWARE!

No People Live By Cursing All The Time

Syed Mahmud Warns Muslims Against Jinnah's Latest Reply To Azad

PATNA, July 15.

"Mr. Jinnah must realise that he has finally put a barrier between himself and a large number of people, Muslims and Hindus in India, who have some regard for the old fashioned virtues of culture and decency," says Dr. Syed Mahmud, a member of the Congress Working Committee who arrived here, this morning, commenting on Mr. Jinnah's reply to the recent telegram of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.

Jinnah's Peculiar Culture

Mr. Jinnah has been laying emphasis on two nations in India and on the incompatibility of Muslim with Hindu culture. Much that Mr. Jinnah has said and done in recent months has led one to the conclusion that the nation belongs to and the culture he represents is certainly different from what we have been used to in India, whether we are Muslims or Hindus. His last statement confirms this completely."

"Maulana Abul Kalam Azad sent a courteous telegram to Mr. Jinnah acting as Congress President. It was a confidential message to elicit a certain information in the hope of removing misapprehensions and possibly bringing about some co-operation between the Congress and the League at this critical stage in world's history. It is well-known that Mr. Jinnah never likes to commit himself to anything and whenever any clarification is asked for he takes refuge in offensive remarks and invective. It has not been, therefore, surprising if Mr. Jinnah has refused to give a clear answer. But to treat a private inquiry in the way he has done and to hurl abuses at the head of a great organisation who is respected by vast numbers of people, not only in India but in Islamic countries abroad for his great learning, culture and sacrifices, was something which only Mr. Jinnah's mind could think of."

"I am quite sure that in this he cannot represent any substantial numbers of members of the Muslim League. I cannot presume to hope that my words can have any effect upon Mr. Jinnah, but it is time that Muslims in this country understood the real significance of what has been happening and wither they are being led. Mr. Jinnah has made it easy for them to understand and I am sure that their eyes will be opened to the real course of events.

I am proud of being a Congressman and an Indian Nationalist. But I have addressed these words more as an Indian Muslim, for it grieves me beyond words that any person, who calls himself a Muslim should lower the high ideals and culture of Islam in India and thus do injury to our great community.

No people live by anathematizing and cursing others all the time. They live by their good deeds and by their high ideals. If the leaders of Islam in India forget, this, they do so at their peril. But I am sure that there are Muslims in India, who represent the true spirit of Islam and who will resent his lowering in the public eyes of what Islam stands for.

JINNAH'S LATEST

The time will come when people will know what tremendous efforts Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Mahatma Gandhi and other Congressmen have made to meet the claims and suspicions of the minorities in India. They have repeatedly gone out of their way to meet Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League. Even the latest resolution of the Working Committee and the Maulana's telegram to Mr. Jinnah was a deliberate attempt to end our squabbles and to face this crisis together if that was possible. We have seen Mr. Jinnah's previous answers and now we see his latest utterance. That surely will clear the air and make every one understand what we stand for, and what he stand. That is something to the good. I am sure that India will face this great crisis with dignity and strength in spite of Mr. Jinnah's advice, and that the Muslims of India will be in the front rank of those, who labour for India's freedom."—A. P.

PROHIBITION MUST CONTINUE

Ahmedabad Workers' Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 15.

A resolution calling on the workers to observe August 1st as "Prohibition Day", and requesting the Government of Bombay to continue Prohibition, was passed at the annual meeting of the Mill Kamgar Union held here, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar presiding.

Resolutions protesting against the arrests of labour workers, and requesting the Government of India to withdraw the ordinance amending the Payment of Wages Act, were also adopted at the meeting.

SYDNEY, July 15.

Commenting on Mr. Churchill's broadcast the Minister for Industry, Mr. Hughes, said: "It will endure through the longest night and sustain us undismayed through the severest trials.

SUBSIDIARY SURVEYS

Census Opportunity To Be Utilised

SIMLA, July 15.

Along with the census enumeration due to take place next year it is understood, a number of Provinces and States proposed to carry out special statistical inquiries of their own. The United Provinces, for instance, is thinking of having an economic survey, while Mysore is likely to have a cattle census, which it is thought would be a natural and easy extension of the questions, which form part of the main census, regarding the number of rooms in and the general condition of houses in every village and town.—A. P.

Magistrate On How To Get Co-operation Of Well-meaning Persons In Lighting Rules

BOMBAY, Monday.

Aspandiar Cowasji Anklesaria, a businessman, who was prosecuted for breach of lighting rules, was acquitted by Mr. K. J. Khambatta Presidency Magistrate.

The accused was arrested on the 12th instant by a Sub-Inspector of Police as an unscreened light was found in his room.

The defence contention was that a few days before he was arrested another police officer had come to his neighbour's flat and given him directions about the lighting arrangements.

The accused's flat was similar to the neighmour's and so he followed the said advice. He believed that he had complied with the requirements of the notification.

Accepting the defence of the accused and acquitting him, the Magistrate observed, "It would certainly lead to much confusion to the public and unnecessary trouble and vexation to respectable persons if lighting restrictions carried out pursuant to the directions given or opinions expressed by one police officer were a few days later to be regarded as insufficient by another police officer and the parties prosecuted and brought to court."

Proceeding, he observed that it would be better if the officers gave advice when they found that a person was observing in several ways the lighting restrictions but failed in a single instance, and not be in a hurry to multiply prosecutions by arresting the party, which process would be much appreciated by the public and would secure their co-operation.

The case against M. R. Daruwalla also ended in acquittal in similar circumstances.

Student Delegates Missing

LUCKNOW, July 15.

Mr. Harish Chandra Tiwary, Secretary of the Lucknow University Union, says that Mr. Binoy Bagchi (Calcutta) and Mr. Tigosh Kor (Rampur), delegates from Bengal, who arrived here on Saturday to attend the meeting of the All-India Students' Council, are missing since last evening when they went out for dinner.—A. P.

BIHAR AHRAR CONFERENCE

PATNA, July 15.

The Bihar Political Ahrar Conference which was fixed to be held on July 19 and 20 at Bihar Shariff will now be held in the last week of September. Dr. Syed Mahmud, ex-Minister and a member of the Congress Working Committee will preside.—A. P.

Women Arrested For Holwell Satyagraha

CALCUTTA, July 15.

The largest number of arrests in connection with the Holwell Monument Movement was made this afternoon when about 55 Satyagrahis, including six women, were taken into custody in three batches as they attempted to approach the monument one after another.

The women Satyagrahis included one aged 55 and a girl of twelve.

Thirty-six satyagrahis arrested yesterday and the day before, were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who remanded them in custody fixing the hearing of their cases for July 17.—A. P.

Holwell Satyagrahis Sentenced

CALCUTTA, July 15.

The twenty Satyagrahis arrested on July 10 in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument were sentenced to-day to nine months' rigorous imprisonment each by a Magistrate in the Bankshall Street Police Court, under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Students' Brigade

LUCKNOW, July 14.

The Council of the All-India Students' Federation, which met here this afternoon, decided to intensify the programme of the Federation of laying special emphasis on the enrolment of Students' Volunteer Corps. These corps would be styled "Students' Brigade".

The Council also protested against the arrest of political and student workers especially the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and demanded the removal of the Holwell Monument.—A. P.

CITY FATHER SUCCUMBS

Sequel To Stabbing At Gujranwala

LAHORE, July 15.

Sardar Autar Singh, member of the Municipal Committee and a member of the Working Committee of the P. P. C. C. who was stabbed by a Muslim in Gujranwala, on Saturday, succumbed to his injuries in the hospital this morning.

Three other Sikhs, who were also injured are progressing satisfactorily.—A. P.

ARRESTED FOR HOARDING COIN

CALCUTTA, July 15.

On a charge of hoarding silver coins, three "Marwaris", including a woman, and their servant, were arrested to-day by the Howrah police under the Defence of India Rules. The arrested persons were proceeding to Bikaner by the Delhi Express, when the police took them into custody at Howrah station and, it is alleged, recovered from their possession rupee coins numbering over 1,600.—A. P.

Hollywood Murder

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

By Alfred Andriola

HERE'S TH' SLIP OF PAPER WE FOUND IN NORDA NOLL'S PURSE TH' DAY SHE DIED, CHARLIE! NONE OF US C'D MAKE ANYTHING OF IT, BUT WE KEPT IT AT HEADQUARTERS!
HAH! IT IS SIMILAR TO PAPER FOUND IN POCKET OF LUGO MANCE!
Faye Temple Bowyer Wong Carroll Lupino Young Barrymore de Haviland
Stewart Duval Powell Brown Horton Coburn Davis Merkel Trent
McNaught Syndicate, Inc
MAYBE THEY'RE LISTS O' GUESTS TO A PARTY!
NO! MUCH MORE THAN THAT! — HMMMM—!
6-29
GINA! YOU ARE FAMILIAR WITH MOVIE STARS! DO YOU KNOW FIRST NAMES OF THESE PEOPLE?
WHY OF COURSE! JIMMY STEWART — IRENE DUNNE — TYRONE POWER—
Alfred Andriola
WHY IS CHARLIE CHAN SO INTERESTED IN THE FIRST NAMES OF THESE PEOPLE?

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